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MEMPHIS APPEAL.

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MEMPHIS APPEAL

MICHIGAN AND NEGRO SUFFRAGE.

Michigan has been regarded as one of the most uncompromising and reliable of the Radical States; and her Senators and Representatives in Congress have been among the foremost in imposing negro suffrage on the Southern Provinces, and making it an indispensable condition of reconstruction.

The aggregate vote of the State is under 170,000. In 1866, the Radical majority was 29,036: and now Michigan votes down a new Constitution because it embodies the principle of negro suffrage, by a majority estimated at 35,000. It is well said that this is nothing less than a political revolution, which has surprised the Conservatives almost as much as it has overwhelmed the Destructives. It gives the Southern States assurance that whenever, after their return into the Union, the white men of the South see fit to reclaim the right of governing their country without help from the negroes, Michigan will vindicate their right to do so.

The decision of the people of that State is like a flash of lightning in a clear sky, unexpected, unheralded, and therefore the more startling. It is a scintillation of the returning reason of the Republic, which if not insane, has been on the very verge of dementia, has at last, like an individual, begun with horror to realize its condition. How applicable to that condition the words of MICHELET: "The contradictions of the world increased: reason, divine and human, seemed to have abdicated. 'GOD,' to use LUTHER'S saying, 'was wearied of the game, and flung the cards under the table.' A tragic moment is that in which one feels one's senses failing—the moment in which reason, glimmering with its last light, sees itself about to be extinguished.

'Oh, let me not be mad, not mad, sweet heaven!'

Exclaims KING LEAR,—

'Keep me from madness: I would not go mad.'"

In South Carolina, on the 31st of March, there were 47,171 whites and 80,379 blacks registered! What less than sheer insanity is the attempt to subject these white men, and an equal number disfranchised by reconstruction scoundrelism, to the arbitrary government and insulting domination of 80,000 half civilized barbarians? Does any sane man imagine that the inferior race can permanently govern the superior?

It is the very extreme of idiotic folly for a people or a party to undertake to defy the laws of GOD or set at naught the instincts of human nature. Pride of race and blood may be a very irrational prejudice. Not long since, we saw in Virginia, in one car, half a dozen negroes whose faces, if accurately photographed, would have been taken for those of Chimpanzees and Gorillas. One old woman, in particular, had the complete countenance in every respect, and particularly the projecting under-jaw, of the Gorilla, and when she worked her jaws, the similitude was actually startling and revolting. Pride of race and blood *may* be, we say, a very irrational prejudice. It *may* be merely vanity that causes an Englishman, a Scotchman, an Irishman, a Frenchman or a German to religiously believe himself a being of another order than this black race which has the physical characteristics of the Simian tribes, and is evidently at the very bottom of the scale of humanity: but if it be, the conviction is one which, thank GOD, is inceradicable. The man or the race that thought itself no better than the negro, *would* be no better. The men who are willing to have their own judgments and opinions overruled by the follies and frenzies, the superstitions and grotesque notions of a mass of ignorant negroes, no matter of what race they are, are no better than they, and no higher in the scale of creation. However they were born, they have sunk themselves to their level, and made them their peers, and ought to be their fellows, their associates and bosom friends.

No race has ever become greatly distinguished which has not believed itself to be the superior of all others. To the Greek, of the days of THEMISTOCLES and ALEXANDER, all others were barbarians, and as barbarians, contemptible. Without that conviction, would Marathon and Salamis and Arbela have been possible? The Romans, in their turn, believed themselves the foremost race of all the world; and so indeed they were, and vindicated their claim by the long roll-call of their victories and glories. Imagine a Roman Senator, before the days of the later CÆSARS, proposing to confer on half a million negroes the privileges of Roman citizenship, to select from them Questors and Practors, Consuls and Tribunes of the people; and to seat the *Atrum olentem* in the Senate by the side of SCIPIO, MARCELLUS and CATO! The Frank and Norman despised the Byzantine Greeks as their inferiors; and the rudest Saxon swine-herd would have stared at the claim of a negro to be recognized as his equal as a man.

The political miscegenation of blacks and whites as voters, is as repulsive to the instincts of the white race, as that miscegenation of blood which the negro begins to claim as his right. Already the military power of the United States interferes to compel the performance of the marriage ceremony between negro men and white women.

This instinctive repugnance of the Caucasian to the political equality of the negro, an aversion as strong as his aversion to their social equality, flashes out into flame at last, and will consume all who resist it and undertake to eradicate it. That cannot be done. Call it prejudice, unreasoning, irrational—what you will, it is part of the white man's very nature. Characteristics of race never die out; and the prejudices of race and color are equally immortal. The negro race, free, and present in the country without political rights, would be endured; but whenever the right of suffrage is conferred upon it, the country is divided into two hostile camps. It is well that it is so, because, if the two races could coalesce politically, they would of necessity do so socially; and either is to debase and alloy and corrupt the blood and strain of the country.

There have been many strange moral epidemics in the world, only explainable on the ground that a whole people occasionally becomes insane. None more extraordinary is recorded in history than this which now possesses the people of the United States, and persuades them to permit a few leaders to pour into the veins and arteries of the body politic the poison of negro suffrage.

The negro-suffrage organs insist that we shall argue this matter, and show *why* the colour of a man's skin should exclude him from the right to vote. As well insist that we should *argue* to prove that a Hottentot, an Esquimaux or a Digger Indian, a Paiute, an Apache or a Toncawe should not vote. It is because the race is an inferior one, which can have no right by majority of votes to rule a superior race or to overrule it: because God has taught the superior race that it degrades him and is dishonour and suicide to submit to this: because the superior race has no right to abdicate the power of governing, and cannot, by putting it in the hands of negroes, relieve itself of the responsibility which its superiority and capacity impose upon it. It is because, although a *few* of the black race, chiefly those who are in part of white blood, are competent to vote understandingly, the mass of the race are not a whit better fitted to do so than the apes, and never will be. Education, if they can be *educated* at all, does not in the least increase their capacity or their fitness.

The gift of the right of suffrage to the negro is a fatal and deadly one. It is the Upas for the race, which, seeming to shelter and protect, will wither and destroy it. It at one instant made them a *hostile and intrusive* race, the antagonists of the white race, encamped on the soil, like a horde of barbarians that swarm into a peaceful land to rob and plunder it. Brought at once into collision at all points with the white man, and their antagonism exasperated by military folly and Bureaucratic encouragement of idleness and insolence, the negro wastes away and dies, by means of influences as mysterious as those to which the great epidemics owe their birth and their powers of destruction. The two races cannot live together, unless the inferior obeys and serves the superior. That is GOD's law. If it is unjust the injustice is His. The Indian was not made to serve. He endeavoured to withstand the progress of the white race, and has melted away. The negro, frenzied with the boon of freedom, drunk with the sense of power, has cut himself off from all the sympathies of the white man; and the very soil on which he walks is uneasy at his presence.

What fate do the malignant reptiles of Radicalism deserve, who have achieved this hideous result? Is it a mere political question, that permits those of different creeds to respect and admire each other, as generous enemies may do? No. They are the enemies of the human race. They should be despised and detested by every white man who believes in the superiour dignity of the Caucasian race, and that it alone is able to maintain free government or can attain intellectual eminence. Is there a white man in South Carolina, with a spark of manly feeling in his bosom, that does not hate, with a concentrated bitterness of indignation, every man, high or low, who has assisted to make the negroes of that State the masters of it, and to set Ethiopians in the places once adorned by the PINCKNEYS, the HAYNES, the MCDUFFIES, the BUTLERS and the LEGARES?

MANUFACTURES—DEPRESSION.

The following article from the New York *World* is not devoid of interest and value even to cotton-growers. And yet these are so completely at the mercy of what are called capitalists, that is, men who have enormous credits, and with whom a purchase of Stocks or Cotton amounting to millions, really represents only so many thousands as they may lose or win by it, that no amount of information which they could possibly accumulate could be of the least assistance or guidance to them. Three months ago, cotton sold at 11 and 12 cents: now it sells at 32. It was put down in November, with the connivance of Government officials giving assurances that the American crop would be 2,500,000 bales, to enable speculators to buy low, and hold for a rise. When three-fourths of the crop had passed into the hands of these gentry, so that a rise in prices would benefit neither planter or factor, then the engine was reversed, and a rise was produced:

It is not alone to the United States that trade is dull, and manufacturers and dealers are discontented and unhappy. If it be true that misery likes company, and that our own woes may be alleviated by the contemplation of the wretchedne s of others, our manufacturers and mechanics may derive some consolation from the reflection that they are not much worse off than their fellow-sufferers in France and Great Britain. This satisfactory, however, is somewhat lessened by the fact that in England the period of depression has apparently passed its climax, and that business is now doing due lineal on its way upward, tidings there have now commenced to mend. The manufacturing and commercial interests of Great Britain rose to a height of prosperity never before attained in 1865, in which year the exports of British manufactures and produce to various countries and British colonies reached the unprecedented total of £165,835,725 —a sum equal to $820,000,000. Value as was this mass, it was surpassed in the following year, during which, by the revival of the cotton manufacture caused by the increased supply of that staple consequent upon the cessation of hostilities in the South, the exports reached the total of £188,917,535, or $941,000,000. Had this increase continued through 1867, the exports would have exceeded one thousand millions of dollars in value; but instead of this they diminished, and the total of the exports for the year is only $865,000,000—to be exact, £173,183,971. It is quite true, however, that this decrease is rather apparent than real. In 1866 there were imported by Great Britain 1,377,000,000 lbs. of raw cotton, at a cost of £76,500,000; and in 1867 the imports of cotton were 1,252,000,000 lbs., at a cost of only £52,000,000; in other words the decrease in the quantity was 8 per cent., while the decrease in the cost was 32 per cent. The exports of cotton fabrics in 1867 were in value only £3,889,000 less than 1866—that is to say, that while the raw material cost £18,000,000 less, the sale of the manufactured matter of which it was the staple was not quite £4,000,000 less. This is not by any means a bad showing, and it may be said that the cotton manufacturers in England have done better in 1867 than they have in any year since 1861. The following tables, which we take from the completed official statistics of the trade of 1867, will be found to be interesting:

	Exports of 1866.	
Cotton yarns	158,750,000 lbs.	£13,685,627
Cotton fabrics	2,577,500,000 yds.	57,305,00
	Exports of 1867.	
Cotton yarns	169,250,000 lbs.	£14,870,562
Cotton fabrics	2,851,600,000 yds.	55,132,881

	Increase of Exports in 1867.	Decrease of Exports in 1867.
Arms and ammunition	£450,000	
Coal	10,000	
Fish	44,000	
Steam engines	231,000	
Metals	834,000	
Woollen yarns	1,50 0,000	
Cotton yarns	1,955,000	
Clothing		£ 600,000
Beer		150,000
Dry goods		908,000
Hardware and cutlery		434,000
Linen		2,103,000
Oil seed		347,000
Silk goods		165,000
Wool and woollens		1,781,000
Cotton and fabrics		4,944,000
Total	£4,248,000	£11,55 ,000

The decrease in the trade with the United States alone accounts for nearly one-half the whole of the above deficiency, although the exports to Australia were much smaller than in 1866. But in the face of this falling off, the British manufacturers seem now to be taking fresh courage; and none of them attribute these losses to the absence of a protective tariff, or think of appealing to Parliament for legislation against the laws of trade.

—The Rock Island (Ill.) *Argus* says that there are eight cases of trichinæ in Hampton, one of which proved fatal. Symptoms—pain in the bowels, accompanied by diarrhea; in a few days great muscular pain in extremities and stiffness, with loss of power of motion in the legs; Bronchitis and general febrile symptoms.

GENERAL ITEMS.

—The Louisville *Journal* says that the troubled waters around the White House must be very shallow, as the Radicals expect to get Johnson out and Wade in.

—Near Jackson lately, Pearl river drowned a negro who was escaping with a stolen horse. The river ran toward town and no attempt was made to arrest it.

—It is believed that two of the Russellville, Ky., bank robbers passed through Cairo Wednesday, on horseback on the ferry. They were heavily armed, would answer no questions, had a large amount of money and very heavy saddle bags. They rode rapidly through the city in the direction of Mound City, without stopping.

—Charlotte Thompson's mother, Mrs. Clisbia Thompson, died on the 1st inst., in Rockland county, N. Y. She was the widow of the late Lysander Thompson, the eccentric comedian.

—Notwithstanding the exaggerated reports as to Muggins having been permanently "stove up," this favorite racer is said to be in fine condition. We are loth to believe that his brilliant career on the turf is yet ended.

—During the storm on Thursday in Richmond county, N. C., Rev. John B. McKerrin and Lonschlin McLaurin were killed by lightning.

—The Alton (Ill.) *Democrat* of the 17th says: The river is on the rampage since the rain, hail and storm of the last few days. All the streams that empty into it are bank high, and even the prairies along the line of the railroad look like a vast lake.

—A printer out West, whose office is about a mile from any other building, and who hangs his sign on the limb of a forest tree, advertises for an apprentice. He says "a boy from the country preferred."

—Mr. Leonard Binns, who owned a store at Midway, Sumner county, Ala., was shot and killed by a negro named Jasper Alexander, last Thursday week. The murderer robbed the store of about $50, and fled to Selma, near which place he was arrested.

—The Meridian (Miss.) *Gazette* of the 18th says: The storm Tuesday night, or rather Wednesday morning, blew several trees down in different parts of the city, and overturned some fences. The lightning was incessant—fitful as a fevered pulse. Immediately after the storm subsided, the atmosphere was literally illuminated by fire-flies. There were myriads of them, getting up a little "lightning" exhibition of their own. Their appearance was sudden and they have almost vanished. Where did they come from?

From their places of concealment and hybernation, of course.

—The Impeachment furore has reached Texas. A Galveston alderman is threatened with impeachment, for calling the city a one-horse town.

—Mayor Tompert, of Louisville, regards as unconstitutional the police bill recently passed by the Kentucky Legislature, which invests all police matters in the hands of three commissioners elected by the people. It has directed his chief of police to hold the station house and retain the present force. As soon as the commissioners receive their commissions they will put their force to work and bring the matter to an issue.

—A serious difficulty occurred in Pickens county, Ga., a few days since, in which Mr. Riley Corbin was killed by Wm. Martin.

—The Mobile *Sentinel*, a Radical paper, has suspended publication.

—Milton Hence was thrown from his horse, near Newark, Ohio, on Friday, and killed.

—The Hunt sville (Ala.) *Independent*, of the 18th, says: The revival at the Cumberland Presbyterian Church, carried on conjointly by Methodist, Baptist, Presbyterian and Cumberland Presbyterian denominations, continues to absorb much public attention. The result has been gratifying indeed. The number of professions was twenty up to last night, the majority of them being persons between the ages of fifteen and twenty. The alter continues crowded with penitents each evening.

TENNESSEE.

—Last Sunday of last week, a drunken desperado named Bob Mitchell, was killed near Pulaski by Wm. Hammonds, a young married man of nineteen years of age. Mitchell was drunk and trying to get into Hammond's house. The latter fled, after the difficulty, but was apprehended.

—The *Banner* of the 19th says: A small flat-boat, in which Robert Lyons, Fayette Mackerel and Adam Wilkerson, a negro, were catching driftwood near the wharf yesterday, was sucked, with its crew, under a coal barge by the current. Lyons managed to swim to the bank, a distance of a few yards. Mackerel went under once and was given up for lost, but was saved by a rope which was thrown from the boat. The other two clung desperately to their craft, and were saved by a skiff which went to their assistance.

—Tom Looney, a *lunatic* negro, being disappointed in love affairs undertook last Wednesday, at Pulaski, to shuffle off this mortal coil through the instrumentality of a jackknife, which was neither so long nor so keen as the rapier of Tybalt, and he was persuaded to "hold out a little longer."

—The *Banner* says that Gen. Cooper, in a fit of disappointment, "has gone back to East Tennessee. In consequence of an intimation that the election for a member of Congress at large would be indefinitely postponed, he did not address the people of Memphis. At least, this is what his friends say, but we are inclined to believe that the old fellow found out it wouldn't do to attack Hamilton on his own dunghill."

—A brutal murder was committed last Wednesday evening, ten miles from Tyner's Station. The victim, whose name was Jefferson Good, was last seen in company with a convict who had just been pardoned out of the penitentiary.

MISSISSIPPI.

—Last Wednesday in the northeastern part of Lafayette county, an arrest was attempted of two Smiths, and a young man named Fletcher, when the parties commence shooting at each other. Frazier Smith was killed, and his father, Capt. Jas. F. Smith, severely, if not mortally, wounded.

—The Oxford *Falcon*, of the 18th, complains of the oppressive attentions of horse-thieves to that neighborhood. Horses, mules, cattle, dogs, chickens, etc., are mysteriously disappearing.

—The Vicksburg *Times* has improved its appearance *materially* by the use of smaller type, which renders it exceedingly neat.

—The Charleston *Journal of Commerce*, of the 18th, says: Within the last few days very strong evidences of the out-croppings of Stone Coal deposits have been discovered on the farm of Mrs. M. J. Lee, three miles north of Charleston, on the valley road. The specimens obtained from the spot, present strong appearances of coal, and burn very readily.

ARKANSAS.

—The Rock *Gazette* says: The negroes have just sent Rice, the Kentucky swindler, to the United States Senate, and a reputed counterfeiter is spoken of for the supreme bench. The balance of the ticket, with a very few exceptions, is scarcely an improvement on the instances cited.

—On Monday evening of last week Helena was visited by a disastrous conflagration. It commenced in the shoe store of J. Oliger, and spread rapidly. The *Clarion* says: Among the sufferers and the losses of each we have obtained the following list: G. W. Holtbaugh, stove and tin merchant, $3500; John Allen (W. L. Nelson, agent) miscellaneous goods, about $4000; Fritzen & Sparrow, merchants, $15,000; Jacob Oliger, shoemaker, $1600; Charlie Levy, bar-keeper, about $500; Leon Berton, $225; Mr. Slatter, about $800; Messrs. Noblock, McKelvey, H. S. Hornor & Co., and Oliver Joyce sustained some damage in moving out their goods, and some loss from stealage. None of the above losses were covered by insurance except a portion of the stock of Mr. Holtbaugh, who had a policy in the Mechanic's Company of New Jersey, W. C. Nelson, agent, for $2000. The other losses fall entirely upon the respective sufferers; and in the case of Messrs. Fritzen & Sparrow, who had a large stock on hand, proves most disastrous to them.

One of the Carpet Baggers.

The Nashville *Banner* of the 19th inst. furnishes the following brief history of one of the adventurers who have swarmed hitherward to "eat of the substance" of better men:

Councilman Farnsworth, who was elected to fill a vacancy in the Sixth ward some time since; who moved his lodgings out of the ward soon after, but still stuck to his seat; who never had any actual residence in Nashville, his family having resided in Wisconsin during the past three years; and who never possessed the property qualifications required by law to entitle him to hold office, has left Nashville to try his luck elsewhere.

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PROPRIETORS:
W. A. HURD, New Orleans. W. F. CORKERY, Lately and During the War, Proprietor of the "Spottswood Hotel," Richmond, Va., and formerly of the famous Mississippi River Steamer, "Mary E. Keene."
ap4 tf JOHN GRAHAM,
Merchant Tailor,
36 NORTH COURT ST.,
MEMPHIS, : : : : : : TENNESSEE.
The best Cutter always employed, under my immediate supervision. Samples of the best goods arriving in the market will always be found on my counter, from which any style can be selected. feb26 3m

TERRY & MITCHELL,
Exclusive Wholesale Dealers in
BOOTS, SHOES & HATS
No. 329 Main Street,
Memphis, Tennessee.
We are constantly receiving
ADDITIONS TO OUR STOCK,
And will sell at the
LOWEST MARKET PRICES.
mh24 daw1m

JAMES A. WIGGS & CO.,
Manufacturers of
Packing Boxes,
AND DEALERS IN LUMBER.
OFFICE AND FACTORY HEAD OF FRONT street, near Gas Works, Memphis, Tenn. Have always on hand, and make to order, Sugar Boxes, Candy Boxes, Cracker Boxes, Coffee Boxes, Soap Boxes, Meal Boxes, and Boxes of all descriptions. Also, Dressed Yellow Pine Flooring, Weather Boarding, Sheathing, Shingles, Scroll and Lath, Ceiling, Cypress Fencing, Palings, Dressed and Undressed, and all kinds of Framing Lumber.
Orders sent to us though the Postoffice, or left with Southworth & Nance, 230 Front street, will receive prompt attention. feb12

LUNN & MALLON
PLUMBERS, GAS
—AND—
STEAM PIPE FITTERS,
204 Main Street, Memphis, Tenn.
Have on hand a large stock of
PUMPS, CHANDELIERS,
LEAD AND IRON PIPES.
Brass work of every description for Gas, Steam and Water. Jobbing promptly attended to. ja3

COMMERCIAL HOTEL,
RE-OPENED, CORNER
Jefferson and Front Streets.
This well-known and popular Hotel has been refitted and newly furnished throughout, and will open on THURSDAY, March 5, 1868, for the reception of guests. The table will be supplied with the best the market affords. The carver, Major W. M. J. REYNOLDS, the well and favorably known steward, formerly of this city, but more recently of the Exchange Hotel, of Richmond, Va., will be on hand, with a corps of attentive waiters, to supply the inner man. We pledge ourselves to make our guests comfortable and at home, and have the Old Commercial again redeem its character as one of the best Hotels in the city.
SCHEDULE OF PRICES

Day Board, per month	$30 00
Board and Lodging, per week	12 00
Transient rate, per day	2 50

Captain B. D. CASTLEMAN will be found in the Office at all times.
ALLEN BROTHERS,
mh4 3m Managers.

AMERICAN HOUSE,
BOSTON, MASS.
THE very important and extensive improvements which have recently been made in this popular Hotel, the largest in New England, enable the proprietors to offer to Tourists, Families and the Traveling Public, accommodations and conveniences superior to any other Hotel in the city. During the past summer additions have been made of numerous suites of apartments, with bathing-rooms, water-closets, etc., attached; one of Taffe Morgan's recent passenger elevators, the best ever constructed, conveys guests to the upper story of the house in one minute; the entire house has been newly and richly carpeted, and the entire house thoroughly replenished and refurnished, making it, in all its appointments, equal to any hotel in the country.
Telegraph Office, Billiard Halls and Cafe on the first floor. LEWIS RICE & SON,
feb7 eodlm Proprietors.

ABSTRACT OFFICE,
ROOM NO. 1.
Corner Monroe & Second Sts.
WE have the Abstract Books and Complete Index of the Register's Office, compiled by the late HENRY A. OLNE; and, after more than a years' trial of their accuracy, and a careful experience in the business, (not one mistake having occurred in all that time,) we are enabled to furnish complete deraignment of title to all
Fort Pickering, Memphis & Shelby County Lands,
at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms. G. J. CAMPBELL & CO.
mh20 tf Successors to Bond & Campbell.

COAL! COAL! COAL!
Knoxville, Alabama and Sewannee Coal
FROM 80 CENTS TO ONE DOLLAR PER Barrel, delivered.
75,000 Good Brick for Sale
On time, undoubted accepted paper. No. 7 Cooper Block, Monroe street, and Hutchinson & Bosley's, Jefferson street.
ap4 ASA SHELTON.

THE COLLIER WHITE LEAD & OIL COMPANY
ESTABLISHED 1837. INCORPORATED 1851.
ST. LOUIS, MO.
THOMAS RICHESON.....PRESIDENT
CHARLES K. VICKERS.....SECRETARY
COLLIER COMPANY'S MANUFACTURES
For Sale
BY ALL DEALERS IN
Memphis and Mississippi Valley
ap9 d eodawdm
MAYDWELL & ANDERSON,
MARBLE WORKS.
No. 59 Union Street,
Between Second and Third.
REMOVAL.
VANCE & CO.,
(Formerly Jay J. Jones),
HAVE REMOVED TO 261 MAIN STREET, opposite Court Square, where they will continue to receive all the latest styles of
Millinery and Dress Trimmings.
For sale to the TRADE ONLY.
Having disposed of my business in Memphis to Vance & Co., I would respectfully recommend the new concern to my former customers.
JAY J. JONES.
New York, March 1, 1868. mh29 1m

BANKS AND BANKING

S. H. TORREY, Pres't. E. C. KIRK, Cashier
MEMPHIS CITY
SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
Corner Jefferson and Front Sts.,
MEMPHIS, TENN.
TRANSACT A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS. Receives Deposits, and deals in Gold, Silver, Exchange, Government Securities and Uncurrent Money. Collections promptly attended to. ap5 1m

MERCHANTS' NATIONAL BANK OF MEMPHIS,
No. 8 JEFFERSON STREET.
Paid in Capital, - - $300,000.
W. H. CHERRY.....President.
A. T. LAYCOCK.....Vice-President.
J. J. FREEMAN.....Cashier.
DIRECTORS—Amos Woodruff, H. A. Partee, James E. Merriman, Thos R. Smith, H. T. Tomlinson, J. R. Watkins, A. J. White, A. T. Laycock, W. H. Cherry. feb25 6m

GERMAN NATIONAL BANK OF MEMPHIS,
No. 293 Main Street.
A. CORDES, : : : : : : President.
H. H. METTE, : : : : Vice President.
MARTIN GRIFFIN, : : : : Cashier.
DIRECTORS:
A. CORDES, H. H. METTE,
F. ENGLEBRICHT, J. C. HOFFMAN,
E. M APPERSON, L. HANAUER,
JACOB WELLER.
Collections made on all accessible points in the Southwest.
Exchange for sale on principal cities of United States and Europe.
feb4 6m

P. C. BETHELL, President. J. K. P. PRITCHARD, Cashier.
TENNESSEE
SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
BETHELL BUILDING,
Corner Court and Main Streets,
MEMPHIS, : : : : TENNESSEE.
TRANSACTS a General Banking Business, Receives Deposits, and deals in Gold, Silver, Exchange, Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds and Uncurrent Money. Collections promptly attended to.
DIRECTORS:
JNO. C. LANIER, President Gayoso Savings Institution. W. H. CHERRY, President Merchants' National Bank.
JAS EKERS, President DeSoto Bank. P. C. BETHELL, J. K. P. PRITCHARD. dec31 tf

TRANSPORTATION.

QUICK TIME EAST
—BY THE—
Memphis & Louisville R. R. Line.
Only 61 3-4 Hours to New York, 21 Hours to Louisville, 15 1-4 Hours to Nashville, and 21 1-2 Hours to St. Louis.
DOUBLE DAILY TRAINS CONTINUED.
BOTH Trains making direct Through Connections to all Eastern Cities, an advantage offered by no other route from Memphis.
Commencing Monday, March 9, 1868.
Trains will leave Memphis as follows:
Morning Express { 7:00 A.M. } and Night Express { 4:00 P.M. }
The 7:00 a.m. Morning Express reaches Louisville at 4:00 a.m.; Indianapolis at 10 a.m.; Cincinnati at 12 noon, and New York at 9:30 p.m., the next day, 7 hours and 40 minutes in advance of any train leaving Memphis the same day by other routes, and with one night less railroad travel.
The 4 p.m. Night Express arrives at Louisville at 1:30 p.m.; Nashville at 7:15 a.m.; St. Louis at 1:30 p.m. the next day. Eastern passengers taking this Train have choice of routes from Louisville either by the Jeffersonville Railroad via Cincinnati or Indianapolis, or the United States Mail Line Steamers via Cincinnati, reaching New York the second morning eleven hours and fifteen minutes in advance of passengers taking the night train from Memphis by any other route, and with one night less railroad travel.
THROUGH TICKETS
Can be procured at the Company's office, No. 237½ Main street, corner of Jefferson, or at depot head of Main street; at the Gayoso Overton Hotel, and of LARRY HARMSTAD & CO., corner Main and Madison streets.
Baggage Checked at Depot or by the Memphis City Transfer Company; at Hotels, Private Residences, or on board boats arriving at Memphis to all principal Eastern Cities.
SAM. B. JONES, Superintendent.
ASA HILL, Passenger Agent. mh10
ARKANSAS STAGE LINES
—FROM—
LITTLE ROCK
TO BENTON,
HOT SPRINGS,
Rockport, Arkadelphia, Spoonville, Antwine, Washington, Clarksville, Texas; Tulip, Ark. Princeton, Camden, Louisville, Russellville, Dardanell, Clarksville, Lewisburg, Ozark, Van Buren, Fort Smith.
Office at the Anthony House, Little Rock, Arkansas. D. J. CHIDESTER & CO., Pro

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

ALBERT PIKE & CO.

Vera Atque Honesta Dicere.

ALBERT PIKE, EDITOR.
JOHN AINSLIE, FINANCIAL EDITOR.
HARRY BEEK, LOCAL EDITOR.
R. T. ENGLISH, COMMERCIAL AND RIVER EDITOR.

Editorial Rooms—No. 14 JEFFERSON STREET, UP STAIRS.
Business Office—No. 13 JEFFERSON STREET
Business Manager—JOHN AINSLIE.

For President of the United States,

ANDREW JOHNSON,

OF TENNESSEE.

[Subject only to the decision of the National Democratic Conservative Convention.]

BEN WADE.

We have the very best authority for predicting that within twenty days, at the farthest, this gentleman will be President of the United States. In consideration of this important fact, we again urge upon our people a spirit of caution and moderation. It is very difficult to tell what fate may await the thoughtless opposers of the Government, and as we love the South and her noble sons and daughters, we say again, be wise, be moderate.—*Atlanta New Era, April 19.*

Has it come to this? The predetermined result made known, even before the witnesses for the defense have been heard! The editor of the leading Radical paper in Georgia instructed that the conspiracy will culminate in less than twenty days! It is no secret either! The information is trumpeted abroad, and no blush of shame is seen to mantle the face of the herald who proclaims the tidings! And at such a time to advise "moderation!" And then, too, the threatening counsel, "it is very difficult to tell *what fate may await the thoughtless opposers of the Government*"—is it not enough to make one shudder at its bare contemplation? This pretended sympathy for the "South and her noble sons and daughters," is the hight of impudence in one who has struggled throughout the whole campaign, since he sold himself to the Radicals, to consign the State where his last sojourn has been made, to the custody of the negroes and white wretches a thousand-fold worse. Even *he* cannot foresee the depths of degradation to which the elevation of BEN. WADE to the Presidential chair by the usurping Congress may deliver them: BEN WADE, the vulgar, rude, boisterous tyrant, who of all men is best suited to disgrace the place, once honored by WASHINGTON, and bring the whole theory of Republican government into disrepute. The stream of corruption goes hurrying on, gathering new force from each additional current—where is it to end? Can the people tolerate such desecration of their altars?

"O! bloodiest picture in the book of time,
Sarmatia fell, unwept, without a crime,"

will no longer fill the ear of sympathy. The fall of Poland, the griefs of Erin are small sorrows to that grand picture of desolation presented by the sudden extinguishment of freedom in the United States, and the overthrow of its once noble government. And the smallest atom—the most obscene of the scavengers, BEN WADE, to be the highest in the land.

YATES is called the modern Stagyrite. [*Cairo Democrat.*

Stagger-ite you mean. He staggers right and left. Wonder if

"The ghosts of the slain
Unburied who remain"

do not haunt the memory of the whilom Governor, who urged the thousands and tens of thousands of Illinois volunteers (and conscripts) into the ranks after his State had filled its quota, and Governors of other States had not yet brought their people to "toe the mark." They had the specious but delusive plea of "glory, Union and the Constitution," to offset fighting a people contending for their rights and defending their homes.

Bad Habits.

The *Bulletin* manifests the difficulty of throwing off a bad habit in saying that it had used great energy in endeavoring not to misrepresent the APPEAL. It repeated the misrepresentation nevertheless. It makes very little difference. Those who read the *Bulletin*, now, probably are of the same inclining, and have accustomed themselves to believe things absolutely false to be strictly true.

Good News for Grant.

The Nashville *Press and Times* affords consolation to the Brownlow candidate for the Presidency. It says:

It is no objection to a candidate, with a large army of American sovereigns, that he takes his bitters morning, noon and night, with a half dozen tumblers of brandy tossed in to bridge over the intervals pleasantly. On the contrary they rather like it, and suppose that the crooking of one's elbow proves him to be a good fellow.

What Stanton Thought of President Johnson in 1865.

The following letter will occupy a page in the history of this country, and will be read with interest even at this time. It was written by the late Secretary of War, Edwin M. Stanton, to President Johnson, the day before he was inaugurated as Vice President of the United States. Read it:

WAR DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON CITY, March 3, 1865.

His Excellency, Andrew Johnson, Vice President elect:

Sir: This Department has accepted your resignation as Brigadier-General and Military Governor of Tennessee. Permit me on this occasion to tender to you the sincere thanks of this Department for your patriotic and able services during the eventful period through which you have exercised the highest trust committed to your charge.

In one of the darkest hours of the great struggle for national existence against rebellious foes, the Government called you from your comparatively safe and easy duties of civil life, to a place in front of the enemy, and in a position of personal toil and danger perhaps more hazardous than was encountered by any other citizen or military officer of the United States. With patriotic promptness you assumed the post, and maintained it under circumstances of unparalleled trials, until recent events have brought safety and deliverance to your State and to the integrity of the Constitutional Union, for which you so long and so gallantly perilled all that is dear to man on earth. That you may be spared to enjoy the new honors, and perform the high duties to which you have been called by the people of the United States, is the sincere wish of one who, in every official and personal relation, has found you worthy of the confidence of the Government and the honor and esteem of your fellow-citizens.

Your obedient servant,
EDWIN M. STANTON.

The Memphis APPEAL has fallen desperately in love with secret political societies, and defends them.—*Press and Times.*

If the *Press and Times* had not become proverbial for its recklessness of assertion, it might be worth while to contradict it. What the APPEAL is "in love with" is the motto it has adopted: *Vera atque honesta dicere.*

—John E. Johnson, of the firm of Bateman & Johnson, provision dealers of Cincinnati, died on the 19th.

A GREAT SPEECH AND ITS EFFECT.

Col. FORSYTH, of the Mobile *Register* had the gratification of listening to the speech of Judge CURTIS, on the President's defense. He thus graphically describes it, and the effect produced on some of the arch-conspirators, managing the prosecution:

WASHINGTON, April 10, 1868.—I had the good fortune to enjoy yesterday a delightful intellectual treat in the opening speech for the defense by Judge Curtis, of Boston. Unlike Butler, he did not read a speech already in type, but spoke extemporaneously, using his notes only for reference to extracts of passages of law and debates which he wished to present accurately to the Senate. The style of his oratory is severely simple, without a single effort at glitter and display, but calm, composed, dignified and deliberate. His sentences came from his lips in an easy flow of the most finished and elegant English, as if they had been carefully constructed and elaborated in the closet, and yet evidently the unstudied vehicles of deep thought and perfect mastery of his subject. Yet, a more impressive speaker I never listened to, and his large mixed auditory on the floor and in the galleries testified by an absorbed and sustained attention to the correctness of my judgment. For three hours this gifted man poured forth the fruits of his long intellectual training in a steady stream of logical analysis, apt illustration, and convincing eloquence. The art of the speaker was signally illustrated in keeping the idea steadily before the Senate that it was a great State trial that was going on, and that his office was to address the reason of the members of the court as judges of the law and evidence, carefully excluding the thought of partisanship as alien to so august an occasion. The fixed attention of Senators showed how well he succeeded, and how completely he had absorbed their thoughts with the legal merits of the cause to which he was giving so grand an exposition. Thad. Stevens sat facing me, and I do not think that I exaggerate when I say that his eyes were not once taken off the face of the speaker for a whole hour. If not convinced and persuaded to forego the evil deed on which he was intent, it was evident that his own clear mind was paying its homage to the power and genius of the man who stood confronting him to defend the innocent and to plead for the Constitution of their common country. Sumner leaned back in his Senatorial chair in one of his favorite attitudes, intended to be striking—Sumner is one of the vainest of Senatorial coxcombs—but did not look comfortable. Butler watched the speaker through his opened fingers, held up in support of his ugly countenance, and was decidedly fidgety. Logan looked anxious, as if he had a Confederate division of something like equal strength to his own in front, and was doubtful of the issue of battle, and even the Secretaries of the Senate seemed to be transferred into rapt and listening statues. A pin could have been heard to drop in that crowded chamber, while powerfully and quietly, like a deep river, the stream of the orator's eloquence flowed majestically along.

Louisiana Election Returns.

The votes were not all counted at the latest dates. At four polls counted, whites, 1406; blacks, 873.

In the poll No. 2, precinct No. 15, 850 votes.

The first and second districts are doubtful; the third ward Radical; the fourth Democratic. It is, however, contended by some that the third has given a small Democratic majority. One poll gave 67 Democratic majority. In the second ward at one poll, there were 227 votes cast against the Constitution to 117 for it. Another poll gave 106 white majority.

BATON ROUGE, April 18.—Hundreds of colored voters have voted against the Constitution. We have little doubt of its defeat in East Baton Rouge. The Democratic city ticket will be elected by a large majority.

The *Picayune* of the 19th says: We have strong hopes that the iniquitous constitution of Dryades street has been defeated; if not, that we shall have an honest old citizen of the State, though a Republican, and a majority, in the Legislature, of good men to administer it, and that our city will be governed by its own citizens; but if this be not so, what are we to do?

The *Times* of the same date says: All things considered the election was a quiet one. This result is, however, due to the forbearance of the Conservatives; not to the peaceful disposition of the carpet-baggers or their colored dupes.

LATE NEWS.

—On the 13th of May, Rev. Robert F. Abell, the oldest Catholic clergyman in Kentucky, will celebrate the 50th anniversary of his ordination as a priest. The celebration will take place at St. Thomas' Theological Seminary, near Bardstown.

—The Buffalo *Courier* of the 16th inst. brings the intelligence of the probable murder of Chas. E. Morse, for several years local editor of that paper. He was afterwards attached to the Nashville and Louisville press, and was a young man of marked ability.

—Brown, the murderer of the child Angle Brown, at Canaan, N. Y., has been sentenced to be hung May 13th.

—Protestant Episcopal Bishop Stevens, of Pennsylvania, recently injured in a railroad collision at Wilkesbarre, is recovering.

—A Democratic State Convention is called to meet in Detroit, Mich., May 27th, to appoint delegates to the National Convention.

—Sheriff Cushman, of Trinity county, Cal., was murdered at Red Bluff by a lunatic named James McDermitt, whom he was taking to the asylum at Stockton.

—In Michigan the majority against the Constitution exceeds 28,000. The majority against prohibition is 10,000, and against biennial legislative sessions, 15,000.

—Policeman David Crandall was shot dead on the 19th, while on duty at Alba, a suburb of Troy, N. Y.

—Judge Lawrence, of the Judiciary Committee, and other prominent lawyers in Congress, give it as their opinion that the fifty per cent. limitation of the bankrupt law, about which which there has been a good deal of question, takes effect on the 1st of June.

—Henry Stotheil, a German resident of East Liberty, near Pittsburg, whose mind has been partly deranged for some time past, committed suicide, on the 19th, by hanging.

—Hon. John Hickman still suffers severely from the effects of the poisonous food which he in common with many others, partook at the National Hotel, Washington, some years ago.

—Mrs. Bachelder, widow of John Bachelder, years ago a hunter and trapper of note, died lately in Wesly township, Washington county, Ohio, at the age of 103 years.

—The widow of the late Senator McDougall, of California, has gone to law in Chicago to recover possession of land that is now worth a million dollars, which, she alleges, was fraudulently obtained from her father.

—Capt. Hartstein, who rescued Dr. Kane, and afterward took the rescued Rasolute out to H. B. M., died on the last day of March, of paralysis, in Paris, where he had lived since the outbreak of the war.

—Charles Kalish, a young man of twenty, attempted to commit suicide in Cincinnati, on Friday night. He shot himself through the left breast near the heart, the ball piercing the lung. No cause of the act is known. Hopes are entertained of his recovery.

—The vote on Welles' testimony is thought by some to be a test, but those who have an inside view of the Radical camps declare Johnson cannot receive over five Radical votes.

—A prominent Radical has said that no greater outrage had ever been perpetrated in a court than the exclusion of the testimony regarding what occurred in the Cabinet meeting, and this, he said, every respectable lawyer in the land would indorse. Nevertheless, he added, Mr. Johnson has but ten days to remain in the White House.

—The Secretary of State has instructed the United States Consul General, at Alexandria, to furnish the General Land Office with such information as may be in his power to give, relative to the system of irrigation of lands in the region of the Nile.

What arid desert is to be converted into fruitful gardens?

—The Cincinnati *Commercial* of the 15th says: The impeachment managers had a private cross-examination of Gen. Sherman yesterday, but finding they were not likely to get anything from him to help their case, concluded not to detain him for public examination. The General left Washington for the West last night, and will rejoin the Indian Peace Commissioners immediately.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Night Dispatches.

CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, April 21.—About 23,000 votes were polled. The Democratic ticket for Judge and Clerk is elected by an average majority of 500. The Council stands twenty Radicals and twelve Democrats.

ALBANY, N. Y.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 21.—The trial of Gen. Cole, indicted for the murder of L. H Hiscock, the alleged seducer of his wife, commenced to-day. A portion of the jury were obtained and sworn in.

WEATHER AND RIVERS

LOUISVILLE, April 21.—The river is falling fast with thirteen feet six inches in the canal. The weather is clear and pleasant.

Departed—Dexter, for New Orleans.

BOSTON.

BOSTON, April 21.—In Lowell yesterday, the veteran Sixth Massachusetts regiment celebrated the anniversary of their memorable march through Baltimore by a parade, an oration from Gen. Schraeder and a dinner. The public schools gave a holiday, and but for the severe rains the citizens generally would have joined in the celebration.

NORTH CAROLINA.

WILMINGTON, April 21.—The vote here is for the Constitution—1200 against 550. At Weldon, 294 for it and 37 against it. Some negroes here voted against it. The whites generally will vote on the second and third days, while the negroes vote on the first.

NEWBERN, April 21.—The vote for the Constitution to-day is 1250; against it, 200. The full negro vote was polled.

FOREIGN.

PARIS, April 21.—*Le Moniteur du Soir* has later South American advices, stating that no attack has yet been made upon Assumption, nor was one likely to be made, as the allies were acting on the defensive.

LONDON, April 21.—The counsel for Gen. Nagle deny that he has sailed for America, as he has not been released on the terms granted to the other persons. Only two of the crew of the Jackmel packet were released.

GEORGIA.

ATLANTA, April 21.—It is supposed that 2600 votes have been polled, and it is believed that Gordon is 500 ahead.

The Fulton county Democratic Club has issued the following circular: "The Democrats of Fulton send their greeting to the people of Georgia, that Gordon is carrying all before him here, and will roll up 1000 majority in this county."

AUGUSTA, April 21.—The Democratic vote to-day is large, but the Radicals will carry the county. The military are standing at the polls to preserve order.

NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, April 21.—No official returns have as yet been made, but as far as heard from, the majority against the Constitution in this city is 1000, and in the parish of Orleans 3841; in East Baton Rouge, 800; West Baton Rouge, 100. Caddo gives 300 majority against Conway, the Democratic candidate for Mayor, and a majority of the city officers. The parish of Orleans elects six Democratic Senators, and a majority of Democrats in both Boards of Common Council. A negro Recorder was elected in the Third District. Moun, the Democratic candidate for Congress in the First District is ahead as far as heard from.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, April 21.—The steamer South America, from Rio Janeiro the 25th ult., brings official accounts of the voyage of the Brazilian iron-clads to Assumption, whence they had returned to move with the land forces.

The Paraguayans made a brilliant attack on the 21 of March to capture the iron-clads of the Brazilians below Humatia. They boarded two of the vessels from boats and were repulsed after a hand to hand fight, with a loss of 400. The Brazilians lost thirty-two.

The Brazilian expeditionary corps, 10,000 strong, was ready to start for Assumption, but had not moved.

Lopez was said not to be at Humatia, but at Tabecuary, superintending the defenses there.

OTTAWA, C. W.

OTTAWA, April 21.—The evidence against Whelon is daily becoming stronger. Since his arrest he has made several important admissions.

Patrick Bulkley, Doorkeeper of the House of Commons, has been arrested, in consequence of the contradictory nature his evidence before the police magistrates.

From the evidence laid before the House yesterday in reference to the abduction of Allen McDonald, Lord Monck will not acknowledge Mr. Seward's courtesy as characteristic of his conduct on every occasion in which His Excellency has had to appeal to him, and rather snubs the British ambassador for declining to accept Mr. Seward's offer to surrender McDonald.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, April 21.—The Mayor and members of the City Council recently appointed by Gen. Schofield for Alexandria, Va., were installed there today. Only a few of the new officers are old citizens. About thirty of the old officers who were unable to take the oath as required by Gen. Schofield were removed, as also some eight or ten who could. All of the new members are white.

Dispatches received by Gen. Grant from Gen. Canby, dated Charleston 20th, give the following further particulars of the vote for the Constitution in South Carolina: In twenty-one districts, registering 93,000 voters, partial returns give 54,000 votes polled. The same districts, with full returns at the last election, give 53,000 votes. Partial returns from eighteen districts give 34,094 for the Constitution, and 11,224 against it.

These returns indicate that there will be a majority for the Constitution in all except three or four districts.

Manager Boutwell purposes delivering his entire speech to morrow before the Impeachment Court, notwithstanding its great length. It contains 3300 words, according to calculations made from the proof sheets.

Mr. Evarts will speak Thursday in behalf of the President.

The Comptroller of Currency will publish in a few days an important circular, giving a detailed statement and explanation of the items that may constitute the lawful money reserved outside, which the National Banks of the country are required to keep by statutes 31 and 32 of the National Currency Act.

The force of the appointment office of the Treasury Department is now engaged in preparing for transmission to the House the required list, in response to the resolution adopted yesterday, asking the Secretary of the Treasury to communicate the names of all persons who have applied for appointments since the 20th of last February, with the names of those recommending them. It will be sent in in two or three days.

A communication from the Secretary of the Treasury shows that his Department has recovered of Confederate property in Europe, $144,147, and has disbursed $90,000 for counsel and other expenses.

CONGRESSIONAL.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, April 21.—A resolution was adopted to light the hall by electricity.

Niblack had his name recorded as voting in favor of the bill concerning the rights of Americans abroad.

Mr. Robinson offered a resolution withdrawing the articles of impeachment and instructing the managers to suspend further proceedings. The House, by a vote of 91 to 18, refused to consider it.

Mr. Johnson introduced a bill amendatory to the tenth section of the steamboat passenger law, which was referred to the Committee on Commerce.

Mr. Ingersoll introduced resolutions instructing the Postoffice Committee to inquire into the expediency of extending the franking privilege to the members of the legislative trauches of such foreign governments as extend the same to the legislative members of this Government, which was adopted.

Mr. Pike, from the Committee on Naval Affairs, presented a number of adverse reports, which were tabled.

Also several unimportant Senate bills, which passed.

Also a House bill to amend certain acts in relation to the navy and military corps. It limits the number of officers, non-commissioned officers and musicians of each corps, to the number authorized by the act of March 2, 1867, and of privates to 1500 instead of 3000 as now. The commissions of the present officers are not to be vacated, but no appointment is to be made in any grade until the number is reduced below the number provided by either of the sections of the bill. It abolishes the grade of Mate and Third Assistant Engineer in the Navy, and repeals all the acts authorizing temporary acting officers in the Navy.

After considerable discussion the bill was passed.

The Speaker presented an Executive communication relative to certain efforts of the Treasury Department for the recovery of Confederate property in Europe. Referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

The Senate bill amending the Bankrupt law, passed with an amendment to the first section, making it read January 1, 1869, instead of June 1, 1869.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, April 21.—Sugar quiet, fair Louisiana 12½c; prime 13½c. Cuba Molasses held at 46½c. Flour firmer, superfine $9 25@9 00; Mobile $10 50@10 75. Corn firm at 90c. Oats dull at 75c. Hay $ 9@21. Pork is held at $28, but no sales at that price. Bacon shoulders 13½c; rib sides 17c; clear sides 18c. Lard active 18½@19½c. Cotton quiet but steady, middlings 31c—sales 3,000 bales; receipts 707; exports, yesterday and to-day, 3180. Sterling 49@53. New York Sight ¼c premium. Gold 140.

Louisville Market.

LOUISVILLE, April 21.—Tobacco active and higher—sales 237 hhds; lugs $6 50@7 50; common to fine leaf $8@16 50. Flour, supe fine $8 50@9; fancy $12 50@13. Oats 75@75c. Corn 88@90c. Cotton 30c. Whisky dull and nominal. Lard 17¾@18c. Pork $27@27 25. Bacon, shoulders 13½@13¾c; clear sides 17½@17¾. Bulk meats nominally unchanged.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, April 21.—Flour firmer 211 25@11 50. Whisky, free $2 15. Pork $27, but held for $27 50. Lard 17¾@18c. Bulk meats and bacon unchanged. Butter 46@50c. Eggs 20c. Hay $13@15.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, April 21.—Flour very dull, superfine $5 50@8 50. Corn 88@89c. Oats 76@76c. Rye $1 80@1 87. Pork $28 5 @27. Bacon, shoulders 13c; clear sides 17c, but held ½c higher; sugar-cured hams 19c. Lard 17½@18c. Whisky firm $2 20.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, April 21.—Cotton dull—sales 700 bales; uplands 31c. Rice dull 10@11c. Coffee quiet. Sugar active, Cuba 10¾@11¾c. Molasses irregular. Flour quiet but steady. Corn dull $1 16@1 19.

Dry Goods are dull but prices are unchanged.

Money easy, call loans 7. It is generally believed that the Erie war was ended by a compromise. Discounts 8@9; sterling firm 109½; gold 39¾; new Tennessees 67¾.

Foreign Markets.

LONDON, April 21.—Consols closed steady at 93⅝@93¾. Five-twenties 70¾.

LIVERPOOL, April 21.—Cotton closed dull and a fraction lower on American descriptions, though the advices from Manchester are favorable. The heavy arrivals have caused unusual dullness. Sales only 8,9 bales. Uplands 12¼@12⅜; Orleans 12⅝@12⅝d. Breadstuffs and Provisions unchanged.

FRANKFORT, April 21.—U. S. 5-20s declined during the day, but closed steady at 75½.

PARIS, April 21.—The Bourse is firmer; rentes have advanced to 68 francs and 35 centimes.

HAVRE, April 21.—Cotton closed dull at a considerable decline; *Tres Ordinaire*, to arrive, 181; good low middling 44 francs per cwt.

Idealizing.

Under this heading "Pearl Rivers," in last Sunday's *Picayune*, shows a decided preference for Swinburne:

Were you a gentle Zephyr,
And I a Summer's Rose,
I would woo you to my bower—
You would kiss no other flower;
And when weary you should rest,
By my fragrant breath caressed,
Hidden deep within my breast,
Were you a Zephyr, Darling,
And I a Summer's Rose.

—The banking house of Gaylord, Leavenworth & Co., of St. Louis, has suspended payment. They express a confident belief that they will be enabled to resume in a few days.

—The Atlanta *New Era* (19th) says of Ben Wade, that he will be President in twenty days, and cautions the people to be moderate—that is, vote for the Radicals.

—While we have had some tall blowing here, there have been furious storms north, south and east of us, doing great damage.

—Eight hundred women sang the "Marseillaise" in Marseilles the other day. They were employed in a government cigar manufactory, and as the tobacco leaves served out to them were too dry to work with, they chose this way of asking to have them dampened. The ominous chant threatens soon to be heard all over France.

—Matthew J. Nemeche, whose second trial for the murder of Dennis Doyle terminated at St. Louis some days ago, was sentenced yesterday by Judge Primm, of the Criminal Court, to be hanged Thursday, June 11th. A motion was filed for a third trial, but it was overruled.

—Leonidas Jones of the State at large, is canvassing Indiana as an independent candidate for the Presidency. He spoke at Charlestown a few nights since.

—T. H. Hines and J. M. Hines have retired from the editorial management of the Bowling Green *Democrat*. The paper is now the property of a company, who have chosen Jas. Brent as publisher, and J. T. South as editor and business manager.

MARRIED.

MORGAN—CALDWELL—At the residence of the bride's mother, in Franklin, Tenn., on the 7th April, by Rev. W. L. Rosser, Mr. WM. H. MORGAN, of Mississippi, to Miss LETITIA CALDWELL, formerly of Memphis, Tenn.

NEW ADVERTISEM'NTS

MASONIC NOTICE.—The Officers and Members of Hermes and Midnas Lodges of Perfection Nos. 1 and 2, are hereby notified to attend a regular communication of those lodges held in conjunction, at the Hall of Cyrene Commandery, No. 4, this Wednesday evening, at 8½ o'clock, for regular business and conferring degrees.

All members of the A.·. and A.·. R.·. S.·. Rite in good standing are fraternally invited.

By order of
H. P. WOODARD, 32d, T.·. P.·. G.·. M.·.
GEO. MELLERSH, 32d, T.·. P.·. G.·. M.·.
Attest:
NATHAN HOFFHEIMER, 18th, Sec'y pro tem.
Wednesday, April 22, 1868. ap22 1t

Howard Association.

A SPECIAL MEETING of the Howard Association will be held at the Circuit Court-rooms, northeast corner of Union and Second, This Wednesday Evening, at 7½ o'clock. All members are respectfully requested to be in attendance. By order of

R. W. AINSLIE, President.
A. G. REYNAUD, Secretary. ap22 1t

A Card.

WM. MAGOFFIN, pupil of Lowell Mason and Thos. Hastings, of New York, and Em. Girac, of Paris, Teacher of Piano, Guitar, Flute, Cultivation of the Voice, Harmony, etc. Best city references. Orders left at Katzenbach's Music Store. ap22 3w*

NEW ADVERTISEM'NTS

To the Public.

THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE TENNESSEE SAVINGS INSTITUTION have determined to close up their Banking Business under its present organization. They have purposely avoided extensive operations, and their deposit account has always remained untouched, while the outstanding liabilities to them are few. They are therefore in a condition to wind up without hindrance or delay. To this end they invite all those having claims against the Institution to present them on or before 1st of May next.

P. C. BETHELL, President.
ap22 1t J. K. P. PRITCHARD, Cashier.

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of West Tennessee. In the matter of Abraham Cohn, Bankrupt. In bankruptcy, District of West Tennessee—ss.

To whom it may concern:

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Abraham Cohn, of Memphis, in the county of Shelby and State of Tennessee, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.

Memphis, Tennessee, the 21st day of April, A.D., 1868.

WILLIAM Y. CIRODE, Assignee, Etc.
ap22 29 6

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of West Tennessee. In the matter of Joseph Venable, Bankrupt. In Bankruptcy, District of West Tennessee—ss.

To whom it may concern:

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Joseph Venable, of Memphis, in the county of Shelby, and State of Tennessee, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.

Memphis, Tennessee, the 21st day of April, A. D. 1868.

WM. Y. CIRODE, Assignee, Etc.
ap22 29 6

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of West Tennessee. In the matter of E. G. Wheeler, Bankrupt. In bankruptcy, District of West Tennessee—ss.

To whom it may concern:

THE undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of E. G. Wheeler, of Memphis, in the county of Shelby and State of Tennessee, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.

Memphis, Tennessee, the 21st day of April, A.D., 1868.

WILLIAM Y. CIRODE, Assignee, Etc.
ap22 29 6

In the District Court of the United States for the District of West Tennessee—In the matter of Robert Cook, bankrupt. In bankruptcy, District of West Tennessee—ss.

To whom it may concern:

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Robert Cook, of Adamsville, in the county of McNairy and State of Tennessee, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.

Memphis, Tenn., the 21st day of April, A.D., 1868.

WILLIAM Y. CIRODE, Assignee, Etc.
ap22 29 6

Floral Tribute to Confederate Dead

ON SATURDAY, APRIL 25TH,

Commencing at 9 a.m., the

MEMPHIS & CHARLESTON RAILROAD

WILL

Run Every Half Hour Trains

Between the Depot, head of Jefferson street and a point nearest Elmwood Cemetery.

☞ Fare Ten Cents each way.

W. J. ROSS, Gen'l Sup't.

CLOTHING!

ROBESON, SNEED & CO

261 MAIN STREET,

(Old Stand Mack Brothers & Bohm),

ARE IN RECEIPT OF

NEW AND DESIRABLE STYLES

—OF—

Spring Clothing

WHICH ARE OFFERED

AT MODERATE PRICES

WE INVITE ESPECIAL ATTENTION

TO OUR STOCK OF

Furnishing Goods

SHOULDER SEAM, DIAMOND,

AND F. Y. S. SHIRTS.

UNDERWEAR

Of all Seasonable Fabrics.

ENGLISH HOSIERY,

In Great Variety.

TRUNKS, VALISES, PORTMANTEAUS

NEW AND DESIRABLE STYLES.

ROBESON, SNEED & CO.,

261 MAIN STREET,

(Old Stand Mack Brothers & Bohm.)

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS

—IN THE—

Merchants Insurance Company

THE following named gentlemen have been duly elected Directors of said Company, to-wit: E McDavitt, F. W. Smith, John T. Stratton, Wm A. Dunlavy, W. A. Waldran, J. F. Frank J. T. Fargason, Napoleon Hill and M. E. Cochran.

At a meeting of said Directors, held this 17th April, 1868, E. McDavitt was elected President. F. W. Smith, Vice President, and R. A. Parker, Secretary.

A call of ten per cent. on the capital stock was ordered to be paid on or before the 1st day of May next. The Secretary can be found, at present, at the office of the Peoples Insurance Company, No. 16 Madison street.

E. McDAVITT, President.
R. A. PARKER, Secretary. ap19 9t

Tin Plate, Tin Plate, Tin Plate!

WE have on hand and to arrive, which we offer to the trade, at the lowest quotations, in quantities to suit purchasers:

4000 boxes Tin Plate, IC 10-14,
1400 " " " IX 10-14,
2000 " " " IC 14-20 Terne Roofing,
400 boxes Tin Plate, IX 14-20 Terne Roofing,
1000 boxes Tin Plate, assorted sizes,
1000 Sheets Braziers' Copper, 10, 11 and 12 ounces.

Having been appointed agents for some of the largest English Manufacturers, and being direct importers, we are prepared to offer inducements for buyers to purchase in this market.

GRIEFF & BYRNES,
Nos. 42 and 44 Tchoupitoulas Street,
ap9 1m New Orleans.

COLGATE & CO.'S Fragrant Toilet Soaps are prepared by skilled workmen of the best materials, and are known as the Standard by dealers and consumers. Sold everywhere.

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of West Tennessee. In the matter of Augustus J. Heath, Bankrupt. In bankruptcy, District of West Tennessee—ss.

To whom it may concern:

THE undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Augustus J. Heath, of Memphis, in the county of Shelby and State of Tennessee, within said district, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.

Memphis, Tennessee, the 20th day of April, A.D., 1868.

WILLIAM Y. CIRODE, Assignee, Etc.
ap21 28 5

Notice.

I HAVE two beautiful and well improved Plantations in Lee county, Ga., within three miles of the city of Albany, bounded by one of the best railroads in the State, and a fine Lot and commodious Dwelling in the city, which I will gladly sell or exchange for other property, nearer to me.

ap18 A. WRIGHT.

CAROLINA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

CAPITAL, : : : : : : : : $200,000

M. J. WICKS, President. W. F. BOYLE, Secretary.
J. H. EDMONDSON, General Agent.

ISSUES Policies either Participating or Non-participating, on all the Improved Plans of Life Insurance. No Restrictions on Travel or Residence within the settled limits of the United States or British North America. All Policies Non-forfeitable for their Equitable Value.

The Officers and Directory of this Company are determined, by judicious and economical management of its affairs, to secure for it the success which its merits as a reliable Institution.

OFFICE 291 MAIN STREET.

mh9

The Oldest Established Dry Goods and Clothing House—Twenty-One Years in Memphis.

WALKER BROTHERS & CO.,

DEALERS IN

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS,

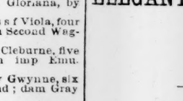
GENTS', YOUTHS' AND CHILDREN'S READY-MADE CLOTHING

AND FURNISHING GOODS,

No. 229 Main Street, Clay Building.

HAVING just received an entire New Stock of Spring and Summer Dress Goods, Trimmings, of the Latest Styles; also, Laces and Notions, in every variety, together with a large assortment of Ready-made Clothing, of our own manufacture, and a large Stock of Staple Dry Goods, we would call the attention of all Buyers to the same, feeling confident that we can suit them in price and quality—selling Goods at prices which will favorably compare with Eastern markets. [mh29 3m] WALKER BR'OS. & CO.

CARRIAGES, ROCKAWAYS, BUGGIES, PHÆTONS

WAGONS AND  HARNESS.

R. O. BRADLEY.

377 Main Street, Jackson Block, Memphis, Tenn

mh15 tf

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND SACRED CONCERT

FOR THE BENEFIT OF

St. Lazarus Church,

GIVEN BY PROF. LEO WHEAT, Assisted by the best musical talent in the city

Friday Evening, 24th Inst,

At the St. Lazarus Church, Madison street.

ap22 3t

VARIETIES THEATER,

Corner Main and Washington Sts.

W. H. H. EROOM.....Manager
CHARLEY WHITE.....Stage Manager

Only Place of Amusement Open in the City!

THIS TEMPLE OF MIRTH NOW PRESENTS the Greatest Constellation of Artists ever presented to a Memphis audience. NEW SONGS, DANCES, BURLETTAS, FARCES, PANTOMIMES, Etc.

Admission 50 cents; Private Boxes, $5.

Doors open at 7½; performance to commence at 8¼ o'clock. ap22

MEMPHIS

RACING ASSOCIATION

SPRING MEETING, APRIL 27, 1868.

THE following Stakes over the Memphis Association Course will be closed on the 8th instant, with the following entries:

First Day—Monday, April 27, 1868.

FIRST RACE—Dash of one mile, for two year olds; Purse $2 0; two or more to fill.

P. MITCHELL enters br c, Perhaps, two years old, by Don Juan, dam by Stale. Dress—Red and white.

J. CROWLEY enters b f Unit, two years old, sire unknown; dam by imp Glencoe.

J. G. BALLENTINE enters br c, two years old, by West Australia; dam Iosline.

Same Day.

SECOND RACE—Mile heats; three in five; free for all; three or more to fill. Purse $300.

YANCY & GREENFIELD enters s c Transit, four years old, by Bleak Wind; dam Prairie Flower, by imp Sovereign.

F. BISSICKS enters ch f Maggie Hunter, four years old, by Australian; dam Heads I Say, by Glencoe.

F. BISSICKS enters b c Pat Malloy, three years old, by Lexington; dam Gloriana, by American Eclipse.

DUNCAN & McMAHAN enters s f Viola, four years old, by Jack Malone; dam Second Wagner.

F. MITCHELL enters bk h Pat Cleburne, five years old, by Hiawatha; dam imp Emu.

E. A. SMITH enters g m Nelly Gwynne, six years old, by imp Bonnie Scotland; dam Gray Alice, by Chorus er.

E. A. SMITH enters ch h Rochester, four years old, by imp Bonnie Scotland; dam Lady Lancaster, by Monarch.

Third Day,

FIRST RACE—Dash two miles; entrance $25, p p; for three years old; Gayoso House to add $300; three or more to fill. Entrance money to go to second horse.

M. C. COSTILLO enters b c Seagull, three years old, by Bill Cheatham; dam Swannie, by Childe Harold. Dress—Green and white.

M. C. COSTILLO enters s b f, three years old, by Shelby; dam Parisine, by imp Tranby. Dress—Green and white.

F. BISSICKS enters b c Pat Malloy, three years old, by Lexington; dam Gloriana, by American Eclipse.

F. BISSICKS enters b c Hazard, three years old, by Lexington; dam Heads I Say, by Glencoe.

P. MITCHELL enters bk c Elgin, three years old, by Shelby, by imp Emu. Dress—Red and white.

E. A. SMITH enters ch. f. Columbia, three years old, by imp. Bonnie Scotland; dam Young Fashion, by Monarch. Dress—Blue and white.

E. A. SMITH enters ch. f. Fannie Moore, three years old, by imp. Bonnie Scotland; dam Adelia, by imp. Albion. Dress—Blue and white. A. D. GIBSON,

ap19 Secretary Memphis Association Course.

R. C. CRAIG & CO.,

SEEDSMEN,

379 Main St., Memphis, Tenn.

JUST RECEIVED,

HUNGARIAN GRASS SEED—
SEED BUCKWHEAT— At Craig's Seed Store.
STOCK PEAS— At Craig's Seed Store.
GRAIN CRADLES AND GRAIN SCYTHES—
At Craig's Seed Store.
GEDDES' HARROWS & KNOX HORSE HOE,
At Craig's Seed Store.
LIME, PLASTER AND CEMENT—
At Craig's Seed Store.
SUPERPHOSPHATE & LAND PLASTER—
At CRAIG'S SEED STORE.
ap19 379 Main street, Memphis, Tenn.

SADDLERY & HARNESS

Bridles,

Whips,

Blankets,

Trunks, Etc.,

AT HALF PRICE—DAMAGED BY THE late fire in the Woodruff Block.

C. N. CASE, Jr.,

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Up-stairs, No. 19 Jefferson street. Two Rooms suitable for offices or sleeping rooms. Apply at Appeal office. mhl

FOR RENT.—A NO. 1 OFFICE FOR RENT. Apply to TAYLOR, COOK & CO., 230 Front street.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR CITY PROPERTY.—Forty-four Acres of Land, three miles due east of the city limits, corner of Clayton and Holmes avenues. Has plenty of heavy timber, running water, eligible build ng sit-s, and is in an excellent neighborhood. Will be sold in a body or divided to suit. Apply to WM. ARMOUR or D. H. TOWNSEND, No. 256 Front Row. ap22

SUBURBAN LANDS AND RESIDENCE FOR SALE OR EASY TERMS.—My lands, 3 miles east of the city, are for sale, on terms to suit purchasers, for cash or on any time—from one to ten years, and in any quantity—from 5 acres to 300. My residence, with from 14 to 20 acres land, will be sold at a great bargain. Apply to myself, on the premises, or to Royster, Trezevant & Co., my agents, in the city.
ap12 1m N. M. TREZEVANT.

FOR SALE CHEAP.—A superior 36-Horse-power Stationary Engine and Boiler complete—as good as new. Cost $2300; will sell same for $1800. Call at 203 Madison street and see it in running order.
J. H. MERRITT, Ass't Sup't
mh28 1m Southwestern R. and Cot. P. Co.

WANTS.

WANTED.—A Teacher for a school, in good neighborhood, near Helena, Ark. None but an A.M need apply. For further information apply at this office. ap21 3t

WANTED—TO PURCHASE ABOUT FIVE ACRES LAND, two miles north or northeast from city. Address, stating location, quality and lowest price, "Morris," care Appeal office. ap21 3t

WANTED.—Day Boarders at Commercial Hotel—$30 per month. Apply at the office. mh10 tf

TAILORING, SCOURING

THOS. H. HUNT. J. P. HANSON

Thos. H. Hunt & Co.,

PREMIUM

SILK AND WOOLEN GOODS

246 Second Street,

BETWEEN JEFFERSON AND COURT.

SPECIAL attention given to Ladies' Dresses and Shawls. Gentlemen's Clothes Cleaned and Dyed in a superior style.
N. B.—Not answerable for Goods left in store after six months from date of order.

DRY GOODS!

SPRING IMPORTATION

1868!

We Have now Received the Most

COMPLETE ASSORTMENT

—OF—

NEW AND CHOICE STYLES

—OF—

SPRING AND SUMMER

DRY GOODS

Ever Brought to the City.

Black Silks,
Check Silks,
Silk Grenadines,
French Brilliants,
Percales,
Plaid Berages,
Wash Poplins,
Mozambiques,
French Printed Jaconets,
Lamartines,
Crape Insertings.

Jaconets—Plain and Check,
Nainsook— " "
Swiss—Check and Striped,
Buff Muslins,
Table Damasks,
Towels, Napkins,
Tartatans,
Bishop Lawns,
Victoria Lawns.

A FULL LINE OF

French and German Wool Damasks,

H. S. Hdkfs, Hosiery, Gloves and Underwear,

Crape Collars and Sets.

THE LARGEST

STOCK OF TRIMMINGS

This side of New York:

Cotton Drop Fringes,
Cotton Guipure Trimmings,
Marseilles Trimmings,
Silk Fringes, Etc., Etc.

THE LARGEST STOCK OF

STAPLE GOODS

IN THE CITY.

Our Stock has been BOUGHT FOR CASH, and we are determined to make quick returns, giving the public the benefit of our purchases.

WE ARE ALSO

MANUFACTURING CLOAKS

In which we defy competition in PRICES and WORKMANSHIP. A GOOD FIT GUARANTEED.

Lace Points from $1 00 to $100 00

B. LOWENSTEIN & BROTHERS,

242 MAIN STREET.

ap5

REMOVAL.

THE General Southern Freight Office of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad has been removed from the old stand to

No. 266 Front Row, over

The well known house of Toof, Phillips & Co.

Through Bills Lading given to all Eastern cities. Rates as low and time as quick as by any other route.
G. R. BLANCHARD, General Freight Agent, Baltimore.
H. F. BECKERT, Western Agent, Cincinnati.

E. D. COBB, Agent,
Baltimore & Ohio Railroad.
ap24

MEMPHIS APPEAL

Office---No. 13 Jefferson Street.

CITY MATTERS.

Memphis and Charleston Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Through Mail (daily)	6:00 p.m	12:40 p m
Through Express	10:40 p.m.	11:50 p.m
(This train does no' leave Saturdays)		
Corinth Accommodation, daily, (except Sundays) a'.		6:00 a.m
Somerville Accommodation daily (except Sunday)	8:25 a.m.	5:00 p.m

Railroad Time is 20 minutes faster than city time.
Ticket office, 278 Main street and at Depot.
W. J. ROSS, Gen'l Sup't.

Memphis and Louisville Railroad Line.

	DEPART.	ARRIVE.
Day Express	7:00 a.m.	3:15 p.m
Night Express	4:00 p.m.	9:15 a.m

Railroad Time 15 m nutes faster than city.
Ticket offices No. 237½ Main street and at Depot, head of Main street.
SAM. B. JONES, Gen'l Sup't.

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
New Orleans Express daily	2:25 p.m.	4:15 p.m.
Sardis accom'n, daily, except Sunday	9:30 a.m.	1:30 p.m.
Freight, (North Monday, Wednesday and Friday; South, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday)	2:25 p.m.	5:30 a.m.

Takes effect Sunday, March 8, 1868.
A. S. LIVERMORE, Gen'l Sup't.
C. P. OAKLEY Gen. Ticket Ag't. mh8

RELIGIOUS.—It affords us much pleasure to announce that Elder Fanning is still preaching at the Linden street Christian Church. Last night the audience was large and very attentive. At the conclusion of the sermon several persons were immersed. Elder Fanning will preach to-day at 11 a.m., and at 7½ p.m. Our people should by all means go and hear him, as he is a speaker of unusual interest.

FIFTY dozen Ladies' White Cotton Hose for sale at a sacrifice—were wet but not damaged. Rice & Engel.

ENAMELED Window Shades and Wall paper at low figures, at J. Grieshabers, 375 Main street. ap22 1m

PASSMORE & Co., 280 Second street, will sell a large assortment of furniture, etc., this morning, at 10 o'clock. Parties desirous of purchasing should attend the sale.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION.—A special meeting of the Howard Association of this city will be held at the Circuit Court rooms, Northeast corner of Second and Union streets, to-night at half-past seven o'clock. As matters of importance will come up, a full attendance is requested.

JOE LOCKE, 22 Jefferson street, has got all the latest periodicals published. By looking over his shelves we notice something to suit the old and young, grave and gay, fast and slow—in fact a variety to suit all classes. All in want of reading matter should give friend Joseph a call.

SACRED CONCERT.—By reference to our advertising columns this morning, it will be seen that a grand Concert of vocal and instrumental music will be given at St. Lazarus Church, on Friday night, by Mr. Leo Wheat, (acknowledged to be the best organist in West Tennessee,) assisted by the best musical talent in the city. The nett proceeds are to be appropriated towards paying the debt due by the church. Tickets may be had at the principal book stores. A rare treat is in store for those who attend.

TENNESSEE SAVINGS INSTITUTION. As will be seen by the card of the above institution, the stockholders have determined to discontinue business, and requests all persons having claims against the bank to present them on or before the 1st of May. It is gratifying to the depositors to know that their deposits can be so promptly returned, and reflects credit on the management of its Cashier, J. K. P. Pritchard, when the extremely depressed state of affairs ever since the bank commenced business is taken into consideration.

"Watchman, what of the night?"

ANSWER.

The Devil's caboose
Are all turned loose;
All dark benighted,
By Heaven slighted.

The people a'raid
Of Kukinx raid,
Of Union leaguers
And base infeoffners.

Of Radical ruin
All good undoing,
Our earth frostbitten
By Hell were smitten.

With negro rule
And abby pool,
They're all accursed
We're bound to burst.

MEMPHIS.

THE COURTS.

LAW COURT—*James O. Pierce, Judge.*—Cases as set for yesterday were disposed of as far as No. 658. For to-day the calendar stands as follows: 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680.

MUNICIPAL COURT—*Geo. W. Waldran, Judge.*—The time of the Court was yesterday consumed by one case, No. 328.

The following cases are set for trial to-day, viz.:

277 Fitzpatrick vs Kellan.
337 Sutton vs Andrews et al.
381 Blolock & Co. vs Mick et al.
453 Steamer Turner vs Stra ton et al.
495 Williamson vs Bolinger.
496 Jenkins vs Motley.
497 Hampton vs McCombs.
470 Guy vs Bolinger.
4 1 Grundy vs Motley.
624 Clark vs Magevney.
581 Montgomery vs Kupperschmidt.
589 Painter vs Sanach.
562 Berlin vs Vance & Co.
565 Conner et al. vs Vance & Co.
564 Koffed & Co. vs Lyden.
6 0 Al. Chris Bros. vs Selby.
602 Norris vs Steinkuhl.
603 Norris vs Waggener & Co.
607 Reed et al vs Markham.
619 Willi ms vs Revenue.
649 Frayzar vs Schmazrold.
613 Peel vs Nevils et al.
628 Brown, use, vs Woodward.
629 Bradshaw vs Anders n.
630 Wisenck vs ey Vesier.
636 Laurenzi vs Gallino.
614 Bankhead vs Peterson.
647 Wal et al. vs Holland.
654 Rubber Clothing Company vs Waggener.
655 Hubbell, jr. et al. vs Hart.
658 ors-It vs Winters.
659 Southelmer et al. vs Vesey et al.
660 Loeb et al. vs Lyons et al.
662 Perkins et al. vs Eddins et al.
663 McKenney vs Manning.
675 Fletcher vs Poteet on et al.
676 Taylor vs Tuttle et al.
680 Deadrick vs buner.
683 Arnold et al vs Elson Bros.
681 Tennessee National Bank vs Hutchinson et al.
685 Commercial Bank of Tennessee vs Lofland.
688 Selden et al. vs Paine.
688 Peace vs Wunder.
689 Merchants' National Bank vs Johnston et al
690 Fox vs Baehr.
691 Friend et al vs Alexander & Co.
719 Trezevant & Son vs Bower.
728 Wolf, agent, vs Pelegrine.

BANKRUPTCY COURT.—*T. J. Latham, Register.*—Meetings of creditors were held yesterday in the following cases: P. I. Huette & Co., Memphis Club, S. C. Simpson, A. M. Bryan, Solomon Isaacs, John R. Talbot, Benj. L. Tallaferro, W. L. Hall, Wm. C. Lightfoot and D. J. Beadles. In the first two the assignee was chosen by the creditors, the rest being referred to the general assignee of the Court.

GENTS—An extra large stock of Clothing, Boots, Hats and Furnishing Goods are being cleared out at less than Eastern cost at J. H. Loewenstine & Bros., No. 231 Main street, Clay Building.
ap15 2w wst

$50,000 WORTH of damaged dry goods and clothing must be sold regardless of cost or value, at Rice & Engel's.

REMEMBER Hesse & Co.'s stock of damaged goods must be sold without regard to price or value, at 234 Main street.

WE will sell our damaged stock regardless of cost or value. Hesse & Co., 234 Main street.

THINGS ABOUT TOWN.

—A match game of base ball will be played to day between the "Bluff City" and "Eureka" Clubs, on the "Enterprise" grounds, commencing at 1:30 p. m. Those interested in the game are invited to be present.

—The police fund is not growing plethoric these days. Arrests are few and far between, and the fines collected do not foot up to the credit side.

—As heretofore announced, Lake's Circus will pitch their tent here on the 30th, and make a stand of three days. Among the novelties to be produced is Little Minnie, better known as the "child wonder," the smallest and youngest equestrienne in the ring. Hiram Marks, the inimitable clown, will also appear at every performance.

—A warrant was issued yesterday by Justice Griffith, charging Patsey McMahon with robbing Jno. McCarty of the sum of twelve dollars. He will be examined to-day.

—The arrivals of stables for the spring meeting have not yet been completed We expect to publish the entire list in a day or two.

—Joe Locke, 22 Jefferson street, is daily in receipt of the Louisville Courier, Cincinnati Enquirer, New York Times, Herald, World and Tribune, together, also, with all the latest weekly pictorial and literary publications. In fact, everything in the news and periodical line can be had at his counter.

—The brace of fires on Monday night were outside the city limits, and the damage small.

—Alfred Harriss, a well known horse thief, was arrested by detective Council on Monday night, and is still in custody.

—A valuable cow was stolen from J. B. Edginton, who resides on Fourth street, between Saffron and Looney, on Monday night. If the bovine has not been cut up in the shambles ere this, it is a wonder.

—A quantity of stolen bedding was recovered yesterday by officer Schaffer, of the police force, and returned to the owner.

—There were nine hundred and eighty-seven bales of cotton on the bluff yesterday.

—A negro named Frank Mage was arrestedand lodged in jail yesterday, on a warrant issued by Justice Kiernan, charged with stealing some clothing from Jas. Costello, a policeman. The property was found in the house of the accused, near the Charleston depot. He will come up for trial to-day.

—A daughter of Ham, who calls herself Agnes Mayfield, was arrested yesterday, charged with passing a counterfeit Spinner's autograph on a colored brother named George Washington. Justice Kiernan will try the case to-day.

—The forty-ninth anniversary of the I. O. O. F. will take place on Thursday, the 30th inst. A grand procession will march to the grounds where an oration will be delivered and a basket pic nic participated in. We will have more to say of this hereafter.

—The oral examination of the public schools will commence on Monday the 27th.

—A correspondent of the *Evening Ledger* complains of the filthy state of the Memphis and Charleston depot yard. Should he extend his visits to other portions of the city, he would find more cause of complaint, but what care the authorities? The health of the city is nothing in their eyes.

—A fruit stand near the corner of Second and Court streets, was robbed by mackerels on Monday night. Much sweetness was stolen.

—We feel under many obligations, not only to our friends in all parts of the city, but especially to our patrons up in old Pinch, who, by their kindly efforts, are swelling our subscription list daily.

—A well dressed, coal black negro, was arrested by Detective Garrett yesterday, charged with robbing a white man of two hundred and seventy-five dollars.

—A mare pony, saddled and bridled, was stolen from the alley west of 38 Jefferson street on Monday night. The owner, J. P. Prescott, Esq., is anxious to know of the whereabouts of the animal.

—A negro milkman was robbed of his stock in trade on the levee yesterday morning. While he was in a grocery store some of the wharfrats got off with the butter, measures, milk and all. The police were not at hand.

—Henry Hunthausen, who was shot on Adams street Saturday night, was buried yesterday morning. The lives of Mrs. Apple and Mr. Buttenberg are despaired of.

A SPECIMEN.—The following production mysteriously found its way to our desk yesterday. We give it as we found it:

Literary Exercises at the Masonic Collegiate Institute, Bartlett, Tenn., April 17, 1868.

Editors Memphis Appeal:

By invitation, we visited the beautiful town of Bartlett, and after half an hours' delightful ride in one of the elegant coaches on the Memphis and Louisville railroad, through green forests and newly sown fields, in company with a large party of friends, attended the very attractive and instructive exercises, literary and musical, of the Masonic Collegiate Institute at that place.

The various declamations in prose and poetry were delivered in a masterly style, evincing thorough and careful training in elocution and rhetoric of the students, especially that of the Wizard in "Lochiel's Warning," by Messrs. Shelby and Priddy, also "King David's Lament over Absalom," by the former, in which the intonation and inflection were very accurate and the rendering throughout superior to anything of the kind usually attempted. Among some twenty or more speeches and dialogues, not a single mistake or hesitation was observed, although the students have not been in school more than three months.

The drama of "William Tell" was rendered with remarkably fine effect, considering the entire absence of scenery, embracing some twenty students, the character of Tell being personated with marked skill and unusual impressiveness by a youth of seventeen, Master A. Mercer, and that of Gessler, with equal effect, by Mr. Bartlett, as were the characters of Sarnem by Mr. J. Shelby; the King's Officer, by Mr. Mortimore; and Tell's friend Verner, by Mr. A. T. Lacey. The last was peculiarly expressive in the "Way to John Smith's," a humorous dialogue; as was Mr. D. Shelby in the vagaries of "Col. Turniptop going to the Legislature." Mr. J. Coulter, in the Office-Seeker, manifested decided merit, and Masters R. Bartlett, W. Mercer, and E. Priddy displayed an ease of manner and a command of voice rarely seen in youths of twelve after years of training, as did also Mr. J. Bartlett in the Rival Orator. There were numerous other meritorious instances beyond our hasty sketch. Only these few now occur to us as the most prominent.

Their instructor, Prof. Norcom, who prepared and directed the exercises, has been so long and favorably known to us as a skillful and popular educator, and an accomplished Christian gentleman of untiring energy, that the future success of the Masonic Institute is regarded an established fact. And it is just what we need within twelve miles of the city in a quiet, refined, moral village, for our boys. The musical selections and performances on the occasion were seldom if ever surpassed on a similar one; and Mrs. Graves, an accomplished instructress of youth, evinced remarkably fine taste and musical skill in the arrangement and direction of the Musical Programme. She was aided by several very superior amateur performers, among them Miss Thomas, of Columbia, Tenn., one of the most skillful we ever heard, Miss McGee, of rare sweetness, compass and command of voice, and Mrs. Lee Priddy, of very superior musical talent and cultivation, together with some five or six other fine performers.

The College Hall is large, ample and pleasantly located in an extensive grove in full view of the Memphis and Louisville Railroad, and was filled with a refined and intelligent audience, and the Institute, though young, bids fair to surpass, in usefulness and popularity, many of more mature growth.

We have given you a short and hurried sketch; of course we cannot do justice to so elegant an occasion, and to so praiseworthy an institution in this short space, but we will do better for you at the annual commencement, which takes place the last of June.

Your friend, TROWEL.

THE MEETING AT THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

Speech of Mr. Everitt.

Pursuant to a call in the morning papers of yesterday, the Chamber of Commerce was last night filled with the substantial business men of our city, assembled to listen to an address from Mr. John Everitt, of London, on the subject of direct trade with foreign parts.

Mr. Everitt was introduced to the assembly by Mr. T. A. Nelson, the President of the Chamber of Commerce, and addressed them in eloquent terms for the space of an hour.

Mr. Everitt stated in his peroration, that during his stay of six weeks among us, and since he last addressed the citizens of Memphis, he had had no occasion to change his mind in relation to the condition of the South and the steps necessary to rebuild its prosperity. The one thing necessary is labor. In order to obtain this labor we must take steps to create confidence among Europeans, that they can leave their country and come to us safely. Some steps must be taken to show them that they would be welcome, and treated like flesh and blood, not as mere machines. The South must make some sacrifice and change its old policy.

This is a land of wealth, and is designed to be the habitation of countless numbers of men. I have never seen such a country, and am told that I have not seen the garden spots, as yet. The South before the war was the largest exporter of produce in the world. This i a matter of fact, and can be proved by statistics, and this with less than two millions of laborers. What would be the case if these thirteen States were inhabited by not two millions, nor ten millions, but fifty millions? Thirty millions of laborers would only scarify the soil; fifty millions would barely get at the wealth of the land. This labor shall come. We must not rest until it does. All should be roused, and resolved that labor must come—the labor to till the fields, build the levees, and keep the rivers in bounds. We will found a pedestal of power on which to build a structure to equal the wildest dreams of the enthusiast.

Everybody is interested in this from the banker to the shoe-black. We must multiply the plows around us. What is so likely to make Memphis a great city as to have the country for 150 miles round about it one great garden?

The relation of the labor question to our desolate fields is the same as the question of direct importation to our commerce.

Why should not Memphis rival Cincinnati or St. Louis? It is on the same river; it has a net-work of railway communication.

It is the center of the cotton districts. Cotton will always be a staple; would not advise to plant cotton alone—but it will always be a staple.

Memphis must be a great center to which population and trade will gravitate. To make it so, we must secure *direct trade*. What does direct trade mean? It means lifting Memphis from obscurity and making it known to the ends of the world. Without it we will always be in a secondary position among cities and peoples, and the South will continue to be seen, as it ever has been, "through a dark glass, darkly."

Memphis has ever been, hitherto, a suburb of New Orleans—a city 800 miles distant. This is a monstrous absurdity. It might as well be a suburb of London. It must be a great business center. You have the power to make it so, and you also have the power to render it the contrary, by quietly, slavishly and sluggishly remaining dormant.

You must get into the front rank or be trodden down. Merchants and bankers, you must put your shoulders to the wheel, or the golden opportunity will be lost. By "direct trade" you secure and have "right here," as you Americans say, everything in the world that you need, without going to second, or third, or fourth rate markets, and paying per cent. upon per centage for them.

How is this to be done? Norfolk is on an air line from Memphis, is a splendid port, capable of floating the Great Eastern; build a railway or railway connections with it. Mr. Sam. Tate shipped five hundred bales of cotton from Memphis to Liverpool, via Norfolk. He got it there twenty days sooner, and at a cost of three dollars a bale less than he could have done by any other route.

Pensacola is a good port—so others; I am not for any one port. Multiply them. Not only cotton is to go—your lumber, your black walnut, white oak, your cedar, your iron ore, all of these commodities that we want must be shipped to us direct. You can throw your iron ore—the finest ore in the world—into an open truck, transmit it to Norfolk, and ship it to England in its crude State, and sell it for a splendid profit.

I come among you not to intefere with you, but to help you in the matter of immigration and direct trade. I found the idess of both as lost children, which I adopted and have made proteges of. I have done this to help you—to make money, too, if I can, of course.

Your products must find a market; your grapes, your wine, your sweet potatoes, your hops, which grow spontaneously and most luxuriantly, will be brought to purchasers. Only show the same resolution and heroic, indomitable will and courage which you showed in the terrible struggle through which you have just passed. You have all the ingredients to be great. Pigs and grapes made Cincinnati—you have both pigs and grapes and a vast quantity of other things which Cincinnati has not got. As *labor* is the forlorn hope of your desolated fields, so *direct trade* is the forlorn hope to build up Memphis. Vicksburg has seen this. She is already in the field, with not half so good a chance as Memphis.

The North did right to get all the money she could from the South. The South should do the same toward the North. England gets all she can from everybody.

This matter is solemn, pressing, instant. It is the duty of the Chamber of Commerce to take the lead. They should get up in pamphlet form, for distribution far and wide throughout Europe, all the information necessary for emigrants, and the statistics of the country.

A customhouse should be established here. [Here the speaker was informed by the President that there already existed such an institution.] I am glad to hear it. You must see that the officials do their duty.

In conclusion, I would thank you all for your kindness and courtesy to me. During my six weeks stay among you, I have learned to appreciate you. I leave you a better man than when I came among you. My heart is expanded. The Southern men are the finest race I ever was among; more like English than any other people.

Am no politician. Wish to God that you could get clear of the curse of politics. Politics are only the outside dress—not *patriotism*. Politics mean selfishness and ambition. Get rid of them, they are ragged and dirty, and get a new suit. The heart and head are all right. This people cannot be enslaved.

And now, I will again thank you for your kindness. I leave you in a few days, probably never to see you again. I hope the South, Phœnix-like from its ashes, may not only divide the power of the country, but have the better half.

At the close of Mr. Everitt's address, the President, Mr. T. A. Nelson, called Mr. I. N Hill to the chair, when the following resolutions were read, seconded, and carried unanimously:

WHEREAS, It having been made manifest by the address of Mr. John Everitt, of England, that direct trade between this section of our country and Europe can be established, on a basis of mutual advantage, by the exchange of the products of the soil and manufactories of the different parts of the country, beyond the Atlantic, and which we, to a very limited extent, now enjoy, except through and by paying tribute to the capital and enterprise of other and more fortunate sections of our country, and who, to a large extent, reap their profits from the "sweat of *our* brow;" and whereas, our duty to ourselves demands that we should realize the best price we can get for our labor, by selling in the best market and buying where our wants can be supplied at the *lowest* rate; therefore

Resolved, That we will encourage such direct trade with foreign countries as it may seem our interest to do, and that we invite to come among us those who have the capital and enterprise to carry out that desirable result.

Resolved, That we would hail with delight the establishment of a regular line of steam vessels from Norfolk, Va., to ports in Europe, believing that route can be made the cheapest and most expeditious in reaching those ports.

Resolved, That the region of country contiguous to Memphis, embracing West Tennessee, North Alabama, North Mississippi, and the Middle and Eastern parts of Arkansas, offer to persons in Europe, as well as the Northern States of our own country, the greatest inducements—of fertile soil, pure water, good health, and salubrious climate—to emigrate and settle amongst us.

Resolved, That we pledge ourselves, as well as all good men in country and town, to extend the hand of welcome to all good people who may come amongst us, regardless of locality or nationality, and we will afford them such facilities as may be in our power, in establishing them as agriculturists or otherwise, in a country which offers inducements of the cheapest and most productive lands.

Resolved, That a Committee of Five be appointed by the Chairman of this meeting, to take such steps and make such suggestions from time to time as will encourage a healthy and profitable trade with other sections, and to convey such information by pamphlet, or otherwise, to the people of the Northern States and of Europe showing them the statistics of products, our soil, the climate, etc., and offering assurances that their lives and property are as safe and well protected as in any other section of our country, *false reports to the contrary notwithstanding*.

Resolved, That the thanks of this meeting be, and are hereby extended to Mr. Everitt, for the information he has given us in his three addresses before our people, and the interest he has manifested in improving our condition, by inaugurating direct trade, and encouraging immigration to a country which cannot be excelled by any under the sun, and that we part from him with great reluctance, and wish him a safe return to his distant home, and express the hope that he will again visit us when our resources are greater and our hearts more buoyant.

In pursuance to the above, the following named gentlemen were appointed on the committee: Messrs. John T. Trezevant, W. R. Moore, Robertson Topp, W. B. Greenlaw and B. Bayliss. To which it was moved, seconded, and carried unanimously, that the President, Mr. T. A. Nelson, should be added.

On motion the meeting then adjourned.

ONE thousand pair Grey Jeans Pants, from $1 25 to $1 50 per pair, at Rice & Engel's.

A CHANGE.—On the 13th of April I left the house of David P. Hadden & Co., (successors of Simpson, Hadden & Co.) my former employers. In parting I know I have their best wishes. I wish them much success. Being permanently situated in Memphis, my friends and customers will find me at 204 Front street.
2t N. E. HUGHES.

FIFTY pieces Linen Lawn for sale at a sacrifice. Was wet but not damaged. Rice & Engel, 203 Main street, Webster Block.

GENTLEMEN will do well to look at the furnishing goods at Rice & Engel's, No. 203 Main, before purchasing elsewhere.

"The Star Dress Hat," something elegant, at Francisco & Wiggin's, 309 Main street.

MADAM EUELLE CORBORIE, the celebrated Clarivoyant Fortune Teller, will be in the city on Tuesday. ap19 3t*

THE allotted time of Dr. James' stay in Memphis having expired, he will in future be addressed at his home office, 91 and 93 Randolph street, Chicago, and postoffice address, box 5863 Chicago, Ill. See advertisement in another column, for particulars.

Our goods are the best and cheapest in the city. Francisco & Wiggin, 309 Main street.

WE would say to our readers that the *Improved Wheeler & Wilson* Sewing Machine is far superior to all others, and sold at 255 Second street.

TWENTY-FIVE pieces French Lawn, wet, but not damaged, at 12½ cents per yard. Rice & Engel.

TO MERCHANTS, JOBBERS AND RETAILERS.—Having an extra large stock of Calicoes, Bleached and Brown Domestics, Stripes, Bed Ticking, Jeans and Linens, we are selling at New York quotations in order to close them out. Here are bargans for somebody. J. H. Loewenstine & Bros., No. 231 Main street, Clay Building. ap15 2w wst

Our Hats are manufactured at our own Factory. Francisco & Wiggin, 309 Main street.

PLANTERS—Brogans, Negro Plaids and Stripes, Osnaburgs, Calicoes, Bleeched and Brown Domestics, Cottonades, Linens, Bed Ticking, and Boots and Shoes, are being sold at extra bargains at J. H. Loewenstine & Bros., No. 231 Main street, Clay Building.
ap15 2w wst

REMEMBER Hesse & Co.'s stock of damaged goods must be sold without regard to price or value, at 234 Main street.

FIVE hundred suits Boys' Clothing for sale regardless of cost or value. Rice & Engel.

WE will sell our damaged stock regardless of cost or value. Hesse & Co., 234 Main street.

Youths' and Childrens' Hats, in Straw and Felt, of new designs, just received at Francisco & Wiggin's.

BEST Bolting Cloths at Howell, Wood & Co.'s, 332 Main street, Southern Palace.

500 PAIRS of fine French calf boots, at six dollars a pair, at Rice & Engel's, 203 Main street.

REMEMBER Hesse & Co.'s stock of damaged goods must be sold without regard to price or value, at 234 Main street.

"French Panama," the finest and lightest Hat in the city. Just received at Francisco & Wiggin's, 309 Main street.

MURRAY & RIDGELY, merchant tailors, 31 Madison street, have received a well selected stock of cloths, cassimeres and vestings, which for style and quality cannot be surpassed in this or any other city. mh27 1m

WE will sell our damaged stock regardless of cost or value. Hesse & Co., 234 Main street.

REMEMBER Hesse & Co.'s stock of damaged goods must be sold without regard to price or value, at 234 Main street.

LADIES—Having a large stock of Dress Goods, Lawns, House Furnishing Linens, Shoes and Fancy Dry Goods, we are selling them at extra low prices. Call and see the bargains. J. H. Loewenstine & Bros., No. 231 Main street, Clay Building. ap15 2w wst

1000 GENTLEMEN'S and boys' hats, slightly damaged by water, at from fifty cents to one dollar each, at Rice & Engel's.

THE large stock of damaged goods must and will be sold regardless of cost or value. RICE & ENGEL,
No. 203 Main street.

Business, Visiting and Wedding Cards Printed at the Lowest Prices at the Appeal Job Office.

COST! COST! COST!---The large and splendid stock of Boots, Shoes and Hats, one of the finest in the South, to be closed out at prices under Eastern Cost, at J. T. Handlan & Co.'s.

WE will sell our damaged stock regardless of cost or value. Hesse & Co., 234 Main street.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

DR. RUSSELL'S

Private Medical Dispensary,

Established in 1850,

AND THE ONLY RELIABLE PLACE FOR THE CURE OF

PRIVATE DISEASES.

DR. RUSSELL, Nos. 40 and 42 NORTH FOURTH street, north side of Court Square, Memphis, Tenn., is acknowledged by all parties interested as by far

The Most Successful Physician

In the treatment of Private or Secret Diseases. Quick, thorough and permanent cures guaranteed in every case, male or female. Recent cases of GONORRHŒA and SYPHILIS cured in a few days, without the use of Mercury, change of diet or hindrance from business. SECONDARY SYPHILIS; the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary loss of semen stopped in a short time. Sufferers from Impotency or Loss of Sexual Power restored to full vigor in a few weeks. Gleet or Gonorrhœa of long standing, when all late and remedies have failed, permanently and speedily cured by a new treatment. Victims of SELF-ABUSE and excessive Venery, suffering from SPERMATORRHŒA and loss of physical and mental power, speedily and permanently cured.

☞ All consultations strictly confidential. Chronic Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Gout, Paralysis, Deafness, etc., treated by the aid of Electro Magnetic Battery.

For sale, RUSSELL'S VENEREAL PREVENTIVE.

Office hours from 9 a.m. to 1 p.m., and from 2 to 8 p.m. ap4

$20,000 FOR A FORTUNE.—"PSYCHOMACY," how either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affection of any person they choose, instantly. This simple mental acquirement all can possess. Free by mail for 10 cents, together with a Journal of Love, Long, Social or Social Hour by Rich, etc. 100,000 sold. Address T. F. WOOD, Vernon, New Jersey.
mh17 3m

New Marriage Guide.—An Essay for Young Men, on Physiological Errors, Abuses and Diseases, Incident to Youth and Early Manhood, which create Impediments to Marriage, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes free of charge. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. feb2 daw

MRS. WINSLOW'S

SOOTHING SYRUP

For Children Teething,

Greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation will allay all pain and spasmodic action, and is

Sure to Regulate the Bowels.

Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and

Relief and Health to your Infants.

We have put up and sold this article for years and can say in confidence and truth of it what we never can be able to say of any other medicine: Never has it failed in a single instance to effect a cure when timely used. Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary, all are delighted with its operation, and speak in terms of commendation of its medical effects and medical virtues. We speak in this matter "what we do know," after years of experience and pledge our reputation for the fulfilment of what we here declare. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in fifteen or twenty minutes after the Syrup is administered.

Full directions for using will accompany each bottle.

Be sure and call for

"Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup,"

Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Sold by Druggists throughout the world.

Price, only 35 Cents per Bottle.

OFFICES—205 Fulton street, New York; 205 High Holborn, London, England 40 St. Paul street, Montreal, Canada. oc29 eod 6m

Flowers of all sorts for Sale, at 42 North [illegible] street, by that well-known Florist and Landscape Gardener, J. J. ROE. He wishes to inform the people of the South that he has spent the last eighteen years in the South as his profession as a Florist, and seven years in the Botanical Gardens of Dublin, Ireland. All advice about flowers and flower grounds free of charge. Boquets and Wreaths, and Cross for coffins, put up in style. mh31 1m*

RIVER MATTERS.

WEATHER AND RIVERS.

Yesterday was a clear, beautiful day. The river at this point is swelling, and is now three and a half inches below the last high water—a rise of six and a half inches in the past twenty-four hours. At Cairo the condition of the Ohio at 8 a.m., on the 20th, was as follows: Above ordinary low water mark, thirty-two feet seven and three-quarter inches; below high water mark of March, 1867, nineteen feet two inches; rise the last twenty-four hours, eleven inches. The Surveyor's report at St. Louis announces a fall of three and three-fourth inches on Sunday. The upper Mississippi is falling. The Ohio is also falling except at the lower end. The Arkansas is receding, with seven feet to Little Rock.

Arrivals.

Steamer Olive Branch, St. Louis.
" Richmond, New Orleans.
" P. W. Strader, Cincinnati.
" Celeste, Arkansas river.

Departures.

Steamer Olive Branch, New Orleans.
" Richmond, Louisville.
" Strader, New Orleans.
" Commercial, White river.
" Sam Hale, Cincinnati.
" Mollie Hambleton, St. F. river.

Boats in Port.

Centralia, Des Arc, Celeste.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The regular packets left yesterday with fair trips.

The Frank Pargoud, Capt. Tobin, will be in port to-day, and leaves again at 5 p.m for Vicksburg and New Orleans. The Pargoud is the finest steamer on the river—royal in all her appointments. In her office will be found George Williams and Oscar Benedict, both popular officers.

The Centralia, Capt. Nowland, leaves on Thursday for Fort Smith and way points on the Arkansas. She is the United States mail packet, and Mr. Taylor is clerk.

The Marble City, Capt. Conway, leaves on Thursday for Cairo and St. Louis.

The Clifton, Capt. Stein, will be in port to-day and leaves on Friday for Cincinnati.

Capt. Yerkes, with the Tempest, will be in port to leave for all points on White river this evening at 5 o'clock.

The circulation of the Radical concern on Second street, yesterday, by actual count, was 683 and falling fast.

We learn that J. E. Montgomery & Co. have gotten out an injunction in the wharfboat question, which will be forthcoming when the city makes an attempt to enforce their late order.

The towboat Bee came up last evening and was lying at Hopefield when we left the levee.

Capt. Barry Bagley, of St. Louis, who married a young wife while he had an old one and six children living, has been up again before the courts of that city, and wife No. 2 was allowed a divorce. The defense made was that the defendant never married the plaintiff, and the imputation cast on the plaintiff was that she resided with the defendant without any marriage between them. At the trial, which took place before Judge Reber, Miss Melville established beyond dispute the facts stated in her petition—she proved a certificate of marriage between her and Capt. Begley, which had been recorded by the defendant himself.

James Hamil and Henry Coulter, of Allegheny, met recently and signed articles of agreement to row for the sculling championship of the United States and $1000 a side, on the Schuylkill river, Philadelphia, on Thursday, June 18th.

Detroit papers mention renewed activity in the business of ship building in that city. The ship yards are all alive, just now, with busy workmen pushing new vessels to completion for the spring trade.

It is understood the steamers City of Paris and Cuba, which sailed from New York on Saturday, will race to Liverpool. Mr. Cunard is said to have wagered $10,000 on the Cuba.

Are they a civilized people? We mean those to the north of us, where such crimes as these enumerated below could be perpetrated? No! The cannibal, the dirt eater, the wild wasp of the field, are their superiors in everything but hypocricy. Where else under the broad canopy of heaven could such scenes be enacted, except among the people who desecrated our graves and made our land the theater of a grand carnival of outrage and blood? Listen to the following extract, which we take from a Chicago letter to the Cairo *Democrat*:

The Sea-Bird catastrophe yet fills the city with horror, as, day by day, bodies are washed ashore, terribly burned, others indicating that death by drowning only ensued after a prolonged and violent struggle for life. The beach-rangers

CITY DIRECTORY.

AUCTION.
A. M. Stoddard & Co., 328 Second.
W. H. Passmore & Co., 260 Second.
A. S. Levy & Co., 237 Second, Jefferson Block.

ATTORNEYS.
George T. Hubbard, 340 Second.
Haynes, Stockard & Haynes, 42 Madison.
Pike & Adams, corner Second and Court.

BANKS.
People's Bank of Tennessee, 42 Madison.
Memphis City Savings Institution, 16 Jefferson.
Memphis Life and General Insurance Company, corner Front row and Madison.
First National Bank, 14 Madison.
Jackson Insurance Company, 10 Madison.
German National 293 Main.

BOOK STORES.
C. F. Chamberlin & Co., Blank Books, 197 Main
C. C. Cleaves & Co., cor. Second and Monroe.
Church & Co., 315 Main.
H. Wade & Co., 293 Main.

BOOTS AND SHOES.
W. H. Kenneday, 298 Main.
Terry & Mitchell, Wholesale, 329 Main.
Mariner & Curtis, 223 Main.
Goodbar & Gilliland, Wholesale, 201 Main.
H. Harder, 292½ Second.
John Ess, 283½ Second.

BARBER AND BATHING SALOON.
Henry G. Hampe, 11 Poplar.

Civil Engineers and Surveyors.
Hood & Moon, 276 Second.

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, ETC.
A. P. Morgan, 188 Third, corner Washington.
W. S. Bruce & Co., 37 and 39 Monroe.
Woodruff & Co., 179 Main.
R. O. Bradley, 371 Main, Jackson Block.

COMMERCIAL COLLEGE.
T. A. Leddin, 238 Main.

CLOTHING AND FURNISHING GOODS.
Sprunle & McCown, 221 Main, under Worsham.
J. C. Ward, Resident Partner, Garthwaite, Lewis & Stuart, 271 Main.
L. & A. L. Lowenstein, 244 Main.
A. Just, 240 Main, third floor.

COAL DEALERS.
Bigley, Mellersh & Co., 25 South Court.

COTTON & COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
Black, Camron & Co., 216 Front.
F. W. Irvine & Co., 278 Front
J. & J. Steele, 168 Front.
Evans & Johnson, 224 Front.
Lawrence, Carter & Co., 222 Front.
Guy, Alden, Mc'rea & Co., 208 Front.
Dillard, Pinson & Co., 208 Front.
Dickinson, Williams & Co., 210 Front.
Mosby & Dorion, 304 Front, Room 15.
F. Lane & Co., corner Union and Front.
Morris, Wade & Co., No. 1 Howard's Row.
Parties & Harbert, 14 Monroe.
Comer & Richardson, 2 Howard's Row.
Dickson, Cunningham & Co., 2 Howard's row.
Stanley, King & Smith, 272 Front.
J. M. Patrick & Co., 254 Front.
E. P. Bacon & Co., 260 Front.
Shane, Boll & Co., 244 Front.
Joiner & Kirkley, Feed Store, 34 Monroe.
H. T. Cowen & Co., 4 Howard's Row.
Kirtland Pollard & Co., Produce, 252 Front.
Anderson & Gay, Western Produce, 258 Front.
Mixon & Co., 30 Main and 14 Monroe.
Moon & Geoghegan, 252 Front.
W. P. Wright, Forwarding, 3 Promenade.
William E. Mentman, 14 Monroe.
Jno. A. Denie, Gra n and Produce, 41 S. Court.

DISPENSARY.
Dr. J. B. Russelle, 42 North Court.

DRY GOODS.
B. Lowenstein & Bros., 24 Main.
Joyner, Lemmon & Gale, Wholesale, 325 Main.
A. Sensel & Son, 256 Main.
Rice, Stix & Co., Wholesale 319, Retail 307 Main
Walker Bros. & Co., 229 Main.
Wells & Coit, 297 Main.
Southern Palace Howell, Wood & Co., 332 Main.

DENTISTS.
J. B. & Wm. Wasson, 318 Main, up-stairs.
S. Hinson, 283 Main Street, Clay Building.

DRUGGISTS.
Chandler & Co., 246 Main.
Mansfield & Higbee, 304 and 306 Main.
J. W. Falls & Co., 351 Main.
W. H. Seabrook, under Overton Hotel.
G. W. Jones & Co., 257 Main.
J. B. Wasson & Co., 318 Main.
Andrew Renkert, 120 Main.
G. D. Johnson, 153 Main.
W. P. Gray, 39 Adams.

EAST FREIGHT LINE.
Great Western, Enoch Taylor Ag't, 304 Front,

FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP.
Randle & Heath, S. E. cor. 2nd and Winchester

FREIGHT AND COTTON PRESS.
South-Western, J. B. Weld, Agent, 286 Front.

FURNITURE.
J. D. Stiles & Co., 287 Second.
G. F. Junkermann, 324 Second.

Glass, Sash, Doors, Etc.
C. Quackenbush, auc'ss'r to McWilliams, 341 2nd

GUNS AND PISTOLS.
Lullman & Vienna, 345 Main.
F. Glasick & Co., 290 Main.

GUNSMITH.
Wm. Schneider, 42 Washington.

GROCERIES.
Webb, Mitchell & Co., Wholesale, 13 Union.
Newton Ford & Co., 17 Union, Lee block
C. W. Sturdivant & Co., 182 Front.
Pearce, Park & Co., 249 Front.
Williamson, Hill & Co., 329 Front Row.
A. J. Roach & Co., 314 Front Row.
Martin & Cody, wholesale, 272 Front.
H. Dow, 249 Main.
Brooks, Neely & Co., 276 Front.
Meacham & Treadwell, 9 Union.
Spicer & Sharpe, 368 Main.
Fargason, Cordes & Co., Wholesale, 328 Front.
Galbreath, Stewart & Co., 195 Union.
Victor D. Fuchs, Fish Depot, 11 Jefferson st.
Lilly Bros. corner Union and Second.
Mercer, Ware & Talley, 104 Main.

HARDWARE, STOVES, ETC.
T. S. Jukes, also, Tinware, 283 Second.
Charles Stout & Bro., 227 Second.
E. Robbins & Bradley, 249 Second.
McCombs & Co., 324 Main street.
Orgill Bros. & Co., 312 Front.
H. Wester & Co., 13 and 15 Monroe.
R. Brannon, 286 Front.

HATTERS AND FURRIERS.
Francisco & Wiggin, 309 Main.
J. T. Handlan & Co. also Bros. 279 Main st.
M. Cohen, Hat Renovator, 384 Main.

HIDES AND LEATHER.
L. Roescher, also Findings, 320½ Main.
Schofield & Co., 7 Adams.
Geo. Philler & Co. Adams, near river.

HUMAN HAIR AND WIGS.
Mrs. M. L. Rodner, 323 Main.

INSURANCE.
Phœnix Fire, Travelers' Life, and Accident Ins. Co.'s, H. P. Butler, Agent, No. 1 Madison.
S. R. Clark & Co. Ag'ts Fire and Marine, Manchester Fire Assurance Co., 22 Madison.
W. O. Lofland, Life, Fire, Marine, Front & Jeff.
Equitable Life Assurance Society, Swain & Smith, General Agents, 13 Union, Lee Block.
Planters Ins. Co. of Tenn., cor. Main & Madison
Carolina Life, 291 Main.
Moore & West, General Agents, 4½ Madison.
H. T. Tomlinson, General Agent, 17 Madison.
DeSoto Ins. & Trust Co., 16 Madison: Wm. M. Farrington, Pres't; J. G. Lonsdale, Sec'y.
Southern Life, 17 Madison: Ben. May, Sec'y;
L. B. Hatch, General Agent.
Hernando Insurance Co., 17 Madison.
Connecticut Mutual Life Speed & Carpenter, Agents, 45 Madison.
People's Insurance Co. W. B. Greenlaw, President; S. P. Read, Secretary, 15 Madison st.
H. A. Littleton & Co., Agency, 22 Madison.
Vredenburg & Silvester, 22 Madison.
N. Western Mutual Life, J. S. Chapin, Agent, 34 Union.
St. Louis Mutual Life, McMahon & Otis, Agents, 43 Madison.

JEWELRY, WATCHES AND DIAMONDS
Merriman, Byrd & Co., 275 Main.
Pooley, Barnum & Co., cor. Court and Main.
E. L. Michot, 357½ Main.

Job Printing Offices.
Franklin Job Office, S. C. Toof, 15 West Court.
Appeal Job Office in the rear of 13 Jefferson street, in Bank Alley.

LIQUOR DEALERS.
Nathan Bros. & Co., 244 Front.
D. H. Evans, 264 Front.
A. Vaccaro & Co., 321 Front.
Joe Altsenul, 23 Jefferson.
N. Hoffheimer & Co., 276 Front.
Moriz Wolf, Agent, 178½ Front.
B. J. Semmes & Co., Importers, 254 Second.
Benham, Hendrix & Co., 250 Front.

LUMBER DEALERS.
Moore, Eader & Co., 268 and 360 Second.
Curtis & Brown, Adams, between Third and Fourth, and Mouth of Wolf River.
B. K. Plain & Co., 264 Second.
Cubbins, Gunn & Coover, Planing Mill, 163 Washington.
W. T. Swanwick & Co., Adams, near river.

Meats, Vegetables, Etc.
68 Jefferson Street Market, C. H. Williams.

Mattress Manufactory.
Martin Eyke, Furniture, 449½ Monroe.
Louis Reith, 183 and 185 Jefferson.

MEMPHIS STEAM DYEING.
B. A. Hollenberg, 212 Beal and 200 Second.

MILLINERY.
L. Kremer, Importer Fancy Goods, 253 Main.
Miss C. Dolberry, French Goods, 255 Main.
Misses Wilkins & Gogen, Dressmak'rs, 220 Main
Mrs. A. A. Newman, dressmaker, 156 Main.
Mrs. M. C. Hunter, 247 Main.

NEWSPAPERS.
Appeal, Daily and Weekly: Office, 13 Jefferson; Editorial Rooms, 14 Jefferson. Albert Pike, Editor; Jno. Ainslie, Business Manager. Subscribe for the Daily—25 cents per week, delivered.

Oil, Lamps, Etc.
G. H. Blood & Co., also Stoves, 361 Main.

PARCEL EXPRESS.
Hand Carts, J. C. Lewis & Co., 235 Main.

PICTURE GALLERIES.
H. A. Balch, 249 Main, up stairs.
Y. Day, 338 Main, up-stairs.

PLUMBERS AND GAS FITTERS.
J. V. Powell & Co., 42 Monroe.

RESTAURANT.
Planters, Madam LaBesse, 83 Monroe.

SHRUBBERY AND GREEN HOUSE.
M. Pump, 64 Jefferson.

SEWING MACHINES.
Grover & Baker, 309 Main.
Star Shuttle, 294 Second.

SEED STORE.
R. D. Ward & Co., Agricultural Implements, 42 Main.

SADDLERY AND HARNESS.
A. J. Collins, 367 Main.
Hubbard & Lovell, 331 Second.
Case, Jr., & Co., C. N., 177 Main.

TRUNKS, VALISES, ETC.
I. Happek, 352 Main.

TOBACCONISTS.
L. Newburger & Bro., 322 Main.
Thurmond, Foster & Co., 7 Monroe.
E. Ackermann, 250 Front.
Edmonds Pet-igrew & Co., 306 Front.
Mayer, Marshuetz & Co., cor. Jefferson & 2nd.

UNDERTAKERS.
J. C. Holst & Co., 320 Main.

WALL PAPER AND WINDOW SHADES.
Marcus Jones, 296½ Second.
J. Grieshaber, 276 Main.

INSURANCE.

PEOPLES
INSURANCE COMPANY,
Office, No. 16 Madison Street,
MEMPHIS, TENN.

CAPITAL STOCK, : : $300,000

TAKE FIRE, MARINE AND RIVER RISKS

DIRECTORS:
W. B. GREENLAW, JAMES ELDER,
C. W. GOYER, N. S. BRUCE
JOHN OVERTON, JR., WM. M. FARRINGTON,
EUGENE MAGEVENEY.

OFFICERS:
W. B. GREENLAW.....President
JAMES ELDER.....Vice President
S. P. READ.....Secretary
pa 15 1m

Southern
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
17 Madison Street, Memphis.

INSURES LIVES AND ADJUSTS AND PAYS losses promptly. Its principal business is with southern States, and to them it appeals for patronage. It has ample means to fully protect policy-holders and pay all losses.

Net Assets, February 1, 1868...$256,917 94

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

S. H. De BeVoise,	F. M. White,
J. Weiler,	Wm. A. Gwyn,
C. C. Spencer,	R. C. Brinkley,
Amos Woodruff,	C. E. Norris,
L. Howes,	N. B. Forrest,
Sam. Tate,	F. S. Davis,
C. W. Frazer,	T. A. Nelson,
	Hugh Torrence.

OFFICERS.
F. M. WHITE.....Acting President
BEN MAY.....Secretary
GEN. N. B. FORREST.....Gen'l Traveling Agent
L. B. HATCH, General Agent
mh3 West Tennessee and North Mississippi.

HERNANDO
INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 17 Madison Street.

THIS Company is now doing a General Insurance Business. Its stock is owned by our city merchants and business men. Its aim is to do a safe local business—to the advantage of both the Company and the Policy Holder.

S. B. WILLIAMSON, : : : President.
BEN MAY, : : : : : : Secretary.

DIRECTORS:
A. VACCARO, S. H. DUNSCOMB,
S. B. WILLIAMSON, M. L. MEACHAM,
HENRY LAIRD, E. McDAVITT,
D. H. TOWNSEND.
jy10 tf

DE SOTO
Insurance and Trust Company
OF MEMPHIS,
Office in Company's Building, No. 42 Madison street.

CAPITAL, : $300,000.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
Wm. M. Farrington, W. R Galbreath,
John Jones, B. Mitchell,
J. J. Rawlings, C. W. Goyer,
W. B. Greenlaw,
WM. M. FARRINGTON, President.
J. G. LONSDALE, Secretary.

This Company Insures against loss by Fire, Marine and River Risks. feb19 3m

WINES AND LIQUORS.

NATHAN BROTHERS & CO.
Importers of and Dealers in
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, ETC.,
No. 244 Front Street,
(UNDER THE COMMERCIAL HOTEL,)
MEMPHIS, TENN.

KEEP constantly on hand the largest and best-selected stock of Rhine Wine. mh20

MEGIBBEN & BROTHER,
WHOLESALE
Liquor Dealers,
281 : MAIN STREET : 281
Memphis, : : : Tennessee.
Jan23 tf

A. VACCARO & CO.,
A. VACCARO, M. MAGEVNEY, JR.
B. VACCARO, A. B. VACCARO.
Importers and Dealers in
WINES, LIQUORS, SEGARS,
ETC., ETC., ETC.,
324 First Street, Memphis, Tenn.
my8

WHEATON NURSERY.
Two Miles South of Memphis, on
Horn Lake Road.
JOHN TRENT. WADDY THOMPSON.
JOHN TRENT & CO.,
PROPRIETORS
SUCCESSORS TO
DR. S. M. WHEATON,

WE are prepared to fill orders for every description of Fruit, Flowers and Ornamental Trees, Grape and Strawberry Vines and Hot House Plants, Roses, etc., etc.

Our stock is made up of the best selections which can be gotten up in Europe or America.

We solicit correspondence from all who purchase trees in large or small quantities, or any who wish to attend to the place with choice and rare flowers and Shrubs.

☞ Flat-rules Landscape Gardener.

Flowers for Bouquets and Wreaths always on hand.

☞ Descriptive Catalogues, with prices and all necessary information, will be furnished by applying personally, or by letter to

o 30 dawtf JOHN TRENT & CO.

Creditors and Non-Resident Notice.

In Chancery Court of Memphis, Tennessee.

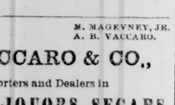
No. 2486, N. R. D.—W. N. Wilkerson, et al., vs. The Franklin Insurance and Banking Company, et al,

In this cause it appearing that defendants Joseph F. Imbs, John F. Meyer and Louis Fusz (firm of "Imbs, Meyer & Fusz"), are non-residents of the State of Tennessee: It is therefore ordered by the Court, that they make their appearance herein, on or before the first Monday in May, 1868, and plead, answer or demur to complainant's bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to them, and cause set for hearing ex parte. It is further ordered that all persons claiming to be creditors, or having any character of demands against the "Franklin Insurance and Banking Company of Memphis," shall immediately come into this Court and have themselves made parties to this suit, and file their claims with the Clerk and Master, with proper evidence of the same, that they may severally recover their ratable shares of the assets of said Company, to be distributed in this cause; and that a copy of this order be published in the Memphis Daily Appeal for three (3) months from this date.

March 10, 1868.

A copy—attest: A. ALSTON, C. and M.
R. J. BLACK, D. C. and M.
Estes, Jackson & McDavitt, and E. Burke Pickett, Solicitors. mh11 3m

Mathematical and Optical Instrument Maker.



THE undersigned would respectfully invite the attention of Architects, Civil Engineers and Surveyors of the South that he has resumed his business of

Mathematical and Optical Instrument Maker in Memphis,

And is now prepared to execute, in the best style and workmanship, all work relating to his business. Transits, Leveling Instruments, Surveyor's Compasses, etc., made to order. Repairing promptly and accurately done.

A. TIENSC 1,
Office corner Hill and Main streets,
Shop corner Hill and Mesby streets.
apl1 dlmawsw

Notice of Dissolution.

THE firm of THOMAS & ARNOLD is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Either member will attend to settlements.

JOHN F. THOMAS,
THOS. H. ARNOLD,

T. H. Arnold will be with Meaken Bros. John F. Thomas' office, 208 Main street.
Memphis, Tenn., April 17, 1868. apl3 1m

HARDWARE.

Prices Reduced!
TENNESSEE IRON STORE.
ALLISON BROTHERS,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
HARDWARE,
No. 270 Front Street,
MEMPHIS, TENN.

WE have removed our Stock of Hardware from the old stand, 223 Main street, and in connection with a full and replenished stock of

Builders', Farmers' & Mechanics' Hardware,
—EMBRACING—
NAILS,
CHAINS,
PLOWS,
HOES,
AXES,
ANVILS,
VISES,
CUTLERY,
GUNS,
PISTOLS,
POWDER
SHOT,
LEA

Blacksmiths' & Carpenters' Tools,
BUILDERS' MATERIAL
—AND—
HEAVY HARDWARE.

We also offer at reduced price, a large and complete stock of the celebrated TENNESSEE CHARCOAL IRON; also, the chearer "Kentucky," or "B" iron, made by Hillman, Bro. & Sons at the Tennessee Rolling Works. They are the only manufacturers of these justly popular brands of iron, proven to be far superior to any Ohio River Puddled Iron. They are their sole Agent in this market, having succeeded Moss s, Paul & Crockett, we can offer inducements and make it to the interest of Merchants, Manufacturers and Farmers to purchase from us.

☞ A liberal discount from Price List allowed to Dealers.

ALLISON BROTHERS.
January 7, 1868 1-8 6m

NEW YORK CARDS.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS,
DAIRYMEN, FARMERS,
AND OTHERS
CONSIGN YOUR
Ashes, Beeswax, Beans,
Butter, Cheese, Eggs,
Flour and Meal,
Flax, Cotton,
Furs and Skins,
Dried and Green Fruits,
Grain, Wool, Game,
Poultry, Naval Stores,
Hops, Ginseng, Feathers,
Hemp, Provisions,
Oil, Lard, Tallow
Tobacco, Seeds, Sorghum,
Molasses, Etc., Etc.,
—TO—
JOSIAH CARPENTER
GENERAL
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
412 Washington Street,
NEW YORK CITY,

And receive his weekly PRICE CURRENT of Produce and Groceries, the most complete Price Current published in the United States.

SEND FOR A PRICE CURRENT

Marking Plates and Cards Furnished Free

Liberal Advances Made on Consignments.

ESTABLISHED MAY 1, 1860

First Class References Given when Required.

feb25 1y

THE
BOARDMAN, GRAY & CO.
PIANO-FORTES.
WHOLESALE AGENCY.

THE subscriber, late a member of this well known firm, has established a Wholesale Agency,

783 Broadway, New York City,

Opposite A. T. Stewart's Dry Goods Palace, corner tenth street.

Where he will be pleased to receive the orders of his friends and public, and especially to hear from those who value the liberality bestowed their patronage on the firm heretofore. He will supply these superior instruments to the trade at wholesale and retail, at the very Lowest Prices, made with the Iniated Iron Rim and Frame (cast in one solid plate). They excel all others in durability, superority of tone, and elegance of external appearance.

All these Pianos have overstrung Scales, giving it increased strength and power from rim to frame. Full, Round, Powerful and Sweet Mellow Tones. The Cases are elegant in appearance and exquisite in finish.

☞ Warranted to prove satisfactory, or the money returned.

Address all orders to

Siberia Ott,
783 Broadway, New York.
a26 dawl0m

Our Latest Improved
NEW SCALE PIANO-FORTE.
GROVESTEEN & CO.,
499 Broadway, N. Y.

THESE instruments, after the most flattering testimonials from the first Pianists in the country, who, at our solicitation, have tested them in the severest manner *possible*, have been pronounced THE FINEST SQUARE PIANO-FORTE MADE IN THE WORLD.

It has always been our policy, during the *thirty-six* years that we have manufactured Pianos, to make *thousand* of which are now in use in the United States and Europe, to give the finest instrument at the lowest cost. Our superior facilities enable us to offer them from one to three hundred dollars less than any other First Class House.

The tone of these instruments are remarkable for their peculiar Sweetness and Great Brilliancy, never losing their quality when forced to their utmost capacity. The lower register retaining its positiveness, does not destroy the middle and upper registers by mingling with them in disagreeable confusion, the refined beauty of tone being equally delightful to the unpracticed and to the most cultivated ear.

They are an entirely new style of Piano, finished in the most superb manner, *with four full round corners front and back*, heavily carved legs and Lyre Serpentine Base richly moulded, and each instrument is fully warranted for five years. sep9 d&wly

TERWILLIGER & CO.,
Manufacturers of the Improved Triple Flange
Fire and Burglar Proof
SAFES,
With Combination and Powder-Proof Locks. Warranted free from Dampness.

Manufactory, 180 to 192 West Houston St., Depot, 109 Maiden Lane, near Pearl St. se6 dawlom NEW YORK.

Dissolution of Copartnership

THE firm of TAYLOR, GAY & RUTLAND was mutually dissolved on the 11th inst., by the withdrawal of Wm. Gay. E. J. Taylor and W. C. Rutland will continue the business under the name and style of TAYLOR & RUTLAND, who are alone authorized to receipt for all accounts, etc., due said firm, and assume all liabilities.

TAYLOR & RUTLAND.
E. J. TAYLOR,
WM. GAY,
W. C. RUTLAND.
Memphis, April 13, 1868. apl4 1m

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

For the Memphis Appeal.]

OUR DEAD AT ELMWOOD.

Yes, wreathe their beds with roses,
And strew around the tomb
The bright-eyed flowers of Spring time,
Its first and fairest bloom,
Who slumber, soft and sweetly,
Beneath your Elmwood's sod;
No marble marks their resting-place,
They've journey'd home to God.

No thunder-cloud of battle,
Nor cannon's deadly roar,
May break that rest at Elmwood,
They sleep forever more:
Yes, children, maids and mothers,
Strew your floral offerings fair;
These silent dead were brothers,
For you, they're sleeping there.

Their spotless banner gleameth,
No more beneath the sky;
Its starry cross hath faded;
And they, all lowly, lie—
Still may ye come all quiet,
On this memorial day,
Your chaplet and the laurel leaf,
Upon each mound to lay.

Our dead, our dead at Elmwood!
How sweet they slumbering lie
Beneath the leafy branches.
The fair and open sky—
'Tis meet to do them homage,
And wreathe the billocks there!
God rest them, in His paradise,
Our noble ones, and fair!

BY TELEGRAPH.

Noon Dispatches.

AUGUSTA, April 21.—The election is progressing with at any collision. The negroes, with few exceptions, voted the Radical ticket. They march in squads from the country to the polls with banners flying, and vote for Bullock. The excitement is intense, and but little is needed to bring about a fearful collision. About 2200 votes have been polled, nearly 2000 of which were negroes. The total registered vote in the county is 5500.

SAVANNAH, April 21.—The election is progressing quietly.

COLUMBUS, April 21.—The election progresses quietly. Total vote yesterday was 704, of which 297 were Radicals and 407 Conservative. Many negroes voted the Democratic ticket.

MACON, April 21.—The election proceeds quietly. The negroes have the polls pretty much to themselves. Yesterday 1650 votes were polled, only 400 of which were white.

WASHINGTON, April 21.—Five hundred and forty cases, relating to captured and abandoned cotton claims, have been decided by the Court of Claims, the amount aggregating $600,000 to claimants.

WORCESTER, April 21.—A meeting of Germans, being held in Clinton last night, was assaulted by a mob, composed principally of Irish, and clubs and fists were freely used. One Irishman was killed, and several on both sides wounded.

NEW YORK, April 21.—The *Tribune's* Washington dispatch states that Gov. Hahn received telegrams from New Orleans last night that the Republicans voted solid for the regular State ticket. In twenty-one polls in New Orleans, the majority for the Constitution is six hundred and thirty-two, which renders it probable that the Republicans have carried the city. There is no doubt whatever as to the result in the State.

CHARLESTON, April 21.—Official returns, as far as received of the recent election, show 34,000 votes for and 11,000 against the Constitution.

LONDON, April 20.—A letter from Ashantee, Abyssinia, dated March 19th, states that Napier was ordered to make an immediate dash on the works at Magdala, when the main body of the army can be within two days' march of the King's camp.

Dispatches just received from Abyssinia, dated Zoullite, April 2d, report that Napier had started forward and that the contemplated assault had been made by a British storming party, but the result of the movement was then unknown, in consequence of a break in the field telegraph near the army post at Senafe.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY APPEAL,
MEMPHIS, April 21, 1868.

Our Money market works along in its usual quiet way. Exchange is light as to supply, and the demand is but little in excess of offerings; balances, however, have to be kept up by shipments of currency. Rates are uniform—Easterns sight is taken at par to ¼ off; selling at ¼ premium, with no concessions. New Orleans sight ¼ off buying, checking at par. Contrary to the general expectation, the New York money market has experienced but little relief since the completion of the quarterly statement of the banks. For a few days after the statement day, there was a very perceptible easing of the market, the excessive rates were reduced, and no difficulty was experienced in borrowing at 7 per cent. in currency. Since then also the banks have been receiving currency from the West where exchange rules in favor of New York, and from many country banks, in the way of returning deposits temporarily withdrawn, in preparation for the quarterly statement. The Treasury, however, for reasons best known to its officials, have taken a course tending to neutralize everything helping to restore ease to the market. The Assistant-Treasurer has sold unusually large amounts of gold, without purchasing an equivalent amount of Seven-Thirties, and the result has been that all that the banks have gained from outside sources has been drawn into the Sub-Treasury, increasing its currency balance several millions. The banks are thus in little better position for lending than they were during the worst periods of the crisis of late weeks; 7 per cent. interest in gold is becoming quite common, and in some cases ½ per cent. per day is being paid by respectable borrowers.

Gold during the week has not varied greatly. It opened at 138¾ and fell to 138¼, but again went up to 139 on Monday. It opened to-day in New York at 138¾, and closed at 139¼. Dealers in this market buy at ¼ to 1c under Eastern rates, and sell at an advance of 1 to 1½c. Transactions light.

City Scrip remains in statu quo. Buyers are numerous at 64 to 65¢, and sellers are asking 66 to 68c, as to size of warrant. $1000 in city bonds were sold today at 50c.

County Warrants are in demand at 58 to 59¢ buying; selling at 60 to 62c.

Police Scrip, 84¢ buying, selling at 87 to 88c, and in some cases 90c is asked.

The Cotton market for the week opened firm in all the markets—uplands in Liverpool 12¦ to 12¾d; Orleans 12½ to 12¾d. The New York market opened with low middlings 30½c; middlings 31½c; Orleans and good middlings 32½c. Here prices were firm at New York quotations; prices, however, gave away on Thursday in Liverpool ¼d, and the New York market was dull and heavy. A further decline of ¼d on the following day caused prices in New York to droop ½ to 1c. On Saturday there was a slight reaction and prices advanced ½ to ¾c. The Liverpool market at the opening on Monday was buoyant, but became quieter and weaker before the close, while in New York holders were asking an advance, but buyers were cautious—middlings 31c, Orleans 32c. The Liverpool market at the opening to-day was dull—uplands 12¼d; Orleans 12¾d. It remained dull until the close, with prices drooping—uplands 12½ to 12¾d; Orleans 12¾ to 12¼d. Sales 8000 bales. In New York at the opening to-day the market was dull and prices nominally unchanged. At the close prices were nominally the same—30½c was refused for middlings on the dock. Sales 250 bales. Sales in this market for the week have been light from two very important causes—shortness of stock and high prices. It is only within a few days that holders would entertain a proposition a fraction under New York quotations. The stock on hand is diminishing very rapidly, and is much lower than at any time since the opening of the season. Prices are irregular and unsettled, making quotations difficult to give with accuracy. The only sale of importance to-day was that of 228 bales, low middlings, at 28½c, which was looked upon as ½ to ¾c below the market. We quote as follows:

Good Ordinary	28 @28¾
Low Middling	29 @29½
Middling	30 @31
Strict Middling	— @—
Good Middling	— @—
Inferior	— @—
Ordinary	— @—

COTTON STATEMENT.
CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, }
MEMPHIS, April 21, 1868. }

Stock on hand Sept. 1, 1867		1,080
Received since to-day	125	
Received previously	248,344	248,469
		249,549
Exported to-day	268	
Exported previously	247,450	247,718
Stock on hand and at presses		1,831
Week's receipts		1,736
Week's exports		2,571
Received last week		1,491
Exported last week		5,195
Stock in Liverpool, 17th inst		407,000
Of which was American		330,000
Stock afloat on 18th inst		165,000
Stock in New York 18th inst		92,000

Wholesale Market.

The general markets for the week have been only moderately active. The heavy rains early in the week retarded operations to some extent. Prices are, on the whole, weaker than at the close of our last review, but the changes are not important. Meats, it will be seen, are some lower and are decidedly weaker.

The Dry Goods market for the week has been more active, and prices are still firm. The large stocks on hand prevent an advance in sympathy with the Eastern market but the tendency is upward, and our merchants are not disposed to make concessions in order to shove off stocks. Staple goods of all kinds sell readily. The rapid decline in the stock of raw material, as well as the prices at which it now rules, would indicate that cotton goods at least will keep up during the season.

In boots and shoes for the week business has been active at full prices. Stocks have been replenished at an advance in prices of from 5 to 7 per cent. on fine wear. Our trade in this line being confined to a cash basis enables our dealers to sell at a very small margin on prime cost, so that though we have a firm market to report, we make no change in quotations.

The grocery market is well supplied, and prices are steady, with a fair jobbing trade doing.

The stock market is only moderately active. The supply of beef cattle is equal to the demand. Sheep are also fully equal to the demand, while hogs are in excess with no demand, except from butchers.

There is a very noticeable falling off in attendance at our horse and mule auctions, and prices are not as satisfactory to traders as they were a few weeks ago.

BEANS, per bushel, Choice Navy	6 50	@ 7 00
BUTTER, per pound, Tubs, good	— 50	@—
Common	— 40	@— 45
BROOMS, per dozen	1 50	@—
BEES-WAX, per pound	— —	@— 30
CEMENT, per barrel Rosendale	4 00	@ 4 25
Louisville	3 00	@ 3 25
CANDLES, per pound, Star	— 18½	@— 19
COFFEE, per pound, Rio	— 23½	@— 27
Laguayra	— 31	@— 32
Java	— 42	@— 45
CORN MEAL, Kiln dried and Fresh	1 40	@ 1 50
CHEESE, per pound, Western Reserve	— 14	@— 15
English Dairy	— 16½	@— 17
Factory	— 13	@— 13½
EGGS, per dozen	— 18	@— 20
FEED, Bran, per ton	32 00	@34 00
Hay, per ton	17 00	@18 00
Corn, per bushel	97½	@ 1 00
Oats	90	@—
Oats	— 78	@— 80
FLOUR, per barrel, Fine	— —	@— —
Superfine	8 00	@ 8 50
Single Extra	9 00	@10 00
Double Extra	10 50	@11 00
Thrible Extra	12 00	@13 00
Family Brands	14 00	@14 50
FRUIT, per barrel, Green Apples	— —	@— —
Dried Apples	5	@ 6
Dried Peaches	— 8	@— 8
FISH, Mackerel No. 1, per bbl	20 00	@21 00
" No. 1, half bbl	9 50	@11 00
" No. 2, "	8 00	@ 9 00
" No. 1, per kit	2 50	@ 2 75
" No. 2, "	2 25	@ 2 50
GREASE, per pound	— 8½	@— 9
GUNPOWDER, Quarter Kegs	2 25	@—
Half Kegs	4 25	@—
Kegs	8 00	@—
HIDES, per pound, Dry Flint	— 19	@— 20
Dry Salt	— 16	@— 17
Green Salt	— 10	@— 11
Green	— 7½	@— 8½
Deer Skins	— 25	@— 30
Half Plastering	— —	@— —
HARDWARE, Nails, per keg, rates	5 75	@ 6
Casting Hollow Ware, per lb	— 7½	@— 10
Bar Iron	— 6	@— 6½
Horseshoe Iron	— 8½	@— 10
Nail Rod	— 14	@— 16
LEATHER, Oak Sole	— 45	@— 50
Hemlock Sole, No. 1	— 35	@— 38
Kip	— 60	@ 1 00
LARD, per pound, In kegs	— 18½	@— 19
In tierce	— 18	@— 18½
LIME, Alabama	1 50	@ 2 00
Cape	1 50	@ 1 60
St. Louis	1 50	@ 2 00
MOLASSES, per gallon, New crop, La., in bbls	— 75	@ 1 00
New crop, La., half bbls	— 80	@ 1 05
Syrups	1 00	@ 1 50
OILS, per gallon, Coal	— 45	@— 50
Lard	— 1 35	@ 1 75
Linseed	1 35	@ 1 40
Train	1 25	@— —
Turpentine	— 90	@— —
POULTRY, per dozen, Chickens	5 00	@ 5 50
Turkeys	6 00	@24 00
Geese	7 00	@ 8 00
PROVISIONS, Pork, mess, per barrel	27 50	@28 00
Prime Mess	25 50	@26 00
Rump	23 00	@24 00
Jowls	20 00	@21 00
Shoulders	13½	@— 14
Bacon, Clear Sides, per lb	— 18	@— —
Clear Rib Sides	— 16½	@— 16½
Clear Sides	— 15½	@— 16
Rib Sides	— 15	@— 15½
Shoulders	— 12½	@— 13
Breakfast Bacon	— 18	@— 19
Hams, plain	— 18	@— 19
Sugar cured canvassed	— 20	@— 21
GUNNIES, New	— 22	@— 23
Old	— 15	@— 18
RICE, per pound, In barrels	— 11	@— 13½
ROSIN, per barrel	6 00	@ 8 50
SUGAR, per pound, Crushed and powdered	— 19	@— 20
Clarified	— 17½	@— 18
Coffee A	— 18½	@— —
" B	— 17½	@— —
" C	— 17	@— —
Extra C	— 17½	@— —
Brown	— 14	@— 17
SALT, Per barrel	3 25	@ 3 50
Sack	2 75	@ 3 00
SODA, per pound	— 8½	@— 10
SOAP, per pound, German	— 8½	@— 10
Palm	— 7	@— 9
Rosin	— 7	@— 8
SHOT	3 25	@ 3 50
TALLOW, per pound	— 10	@— 10½
TAR, per dozen kegs	6 50	@ 7 00
TOBACCO, per pound, Extra Bright Medium	1 00	@ 1 75
Medium Bright	— 80	@— 90
Half pound Bright	— 75	@— 85
Common Halves	— 60	@—